



**Second Report to the State of
Maryland Under House Bill 954
Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement
Officer 3-Year Report
HB 954, Ch. 134, 2015
PS § 3-507 (e)**

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report provides information relating to the cases where individuals died when law enforcement officers were present or when a law enforcement officer was killed in the line of duty. This report describes in detail the methodology used to gather and report on the information required under House Bill 954, “Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer.” While the report details statistical and demographic information regarding these cases, familiarization with the data collection methodology, as well as the underlying facts of each case is a crucial component of this report.

INTRODUCTION

On May 12, 2015, Governor Larry Hogan signed into law Maryland House Bill 954 (Chapter 134 of 2015, hereinafter HB 954), “Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer” (Attachment A). For the first time in Maryland, a legal mechanism is now in place for capturing and reporting to the public each time a citizen dies during a police encounter, or a law enforcement officer dies in the line of duty. Effective July 1, 2015 each local and State Law Enforcement Agency in Maryland was required to provide the Governor’s Office of Crime Control & Prevention with information about each officer-involved death, and officer death in the line of duty that involves a law enforcement officer employed by their agency. This report provides the data collected for the 3 year reporting period from January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2015.

BACKGROUND

From 2010 through 2013, the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center at the Governor’s Office of Crime Control & Prevention was the Maryland reporting coordinator and data repository for the Federal Arrest Related Deaths (ARD) program. The program formally ended in 2014, but federal legislation passed under the Deaths in Custody Reporting Act had the Governor’s Office of Crime Control & Prevention assuming the reporting coordinator role once again for the federal program. When the Governor’s Office of Crime Control & Prevention began to administer the federal program in Maryland, there were no formal data collection directives provided by Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS). As a result, the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center created an ad hoc system for collecting information related to Maryland Arrest Related Deaths. This system included reviews of daily media reports, key word internet searches, medical examiner reports, and reporting by local and State law enforcement partners. Maryland’s Law Enforcement community was extremely supportive and transparent with their data in regard to the federal program, making Maryland’s Federal Arrest Related Death data collection process a model for other State programs.

When HB 954 was enacted, Maryland became only the third state to legislatively require law enforcement to submit data on all deaths involving a law enforcement officer from their agency. Prior to the passage of HB 954, Maryland’s Law Enforcement agencies were supportive of the data collection efforts under the federal ARD program, despite the fact that it was not a legislative mandate. HB 954 implemented a formal data collection process, under State law, which was no longer based primarily on daily media reports, key word internet searches, and medical examiner reports. Immediately following the signing of HB 954, the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center began to implement the law, and oversaw the formation of an Implementation Group. The goal of the Implementation Group was to conduct a detailed analysis of the law, and make determinations in regard to the exact data elements requiring collection. Representatives from the following criminal justice organizations and stakeholders were invited to participate in the Implementation Group:

- Delegate Alonzo T. Washington, District 22 (HB 954 Sponsor)
- Maryland State’s Attorneys’ Association
- Governor’s Office of Crime Control & Prevention
- Office of the Chief Medical Examiner for Maryland
- United State’s Attorney’s Office
- United States Department of Justice / Bureau of Justice Statistics
- Riverdale Park Police

- Prince George’s County Police
- Prince George’s County Sheriff
- Baltimore County Police
- Baltimore City Police
- Hagerstown Police
- Maryland State Police
- American Civil Liberties Union of Maryland
- Justice, Research & Statistics Association
- Private Defense Attorney
- Private Citizen

METHODOLOGY

Reporting Criteria for Officer-Involved Citizen Deaths

Following two Implementation Group meetings in 2015, a formal “Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer” data collection process was adopted, and the information was disseminated to Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies identified by the Maryland Police and Correctional Training Commission. These agencies were instructed that as of July 1, 2015, they were to commence data collection, and reporting of all citizen deaths involving a law enforcement officer to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center at the Governor’s Office of Crime Control & Prevention. HB 954 defines a citizen death involving a law enforcement officer as “the death of an individual resulting directly from an act or omission of a law enforcement officer, while the officer is on duty or while the officer is off duty, but performing activities that are within the scope of the officer’s official duties ...while an individual is detained, arrested, or was in the process of being arrested”. Per criteria set forth in HB 954, the Implementation group determined that Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies will report all citizen deaths:

- Resulting from any use of force by State or local law enforcement personnel acting either on duty, or off duty in the capacity of a law enforcement officer
- Caused by injuries sustained while attempting to elude State or local law enforcement personnel, or injuries incurred after custody had been established
- In cases of suicide, only when the suicide occurs while law enforcement is present at the scene
- In cases of deaths as the result of drug overdose or medical condition, only when the fatal alcohol or other drug intoxications, or medical conditions (e.g., cardiac arrest) occurred while law enforcement was attempting to detain or arrest the subject
- Occurring during the process of arrest by, or in the custody of, State or local law enforcement personnel
- Occurring while the individual is in the custody of State or local law enforcement personnel who were responding to a medical or mental health assistance or welfare call
- That occur while confined in lockups or booking centers run by a Maryland Law Enforcement agency¹
- Of bystanders while law enforcement is present and/or as the result of a law enforcement action

Per criteria set forth in HB 954, the Implementation Group determined that Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies were not required to report the following:

- Deaths attributed to federal law enforcement personnel (e.g., FBI, DEA)
- Any inmate death that occurred in the custody of local jails (not run by a Maryland Law Enforcement Agency), State prisons, State juvenile correctional facilities, or private correctional facilities
- Any death of a criminal suspect that occurred before the decedent came into contact with law enforcement

¹ This criterion **has been removed** since the publication of the “*First Report to the State of Maryland Under HB 954*” on June 29, 2015. See the next section for detailed justification.

Change in the Methodology for Reporting Criteria for Officer-Involved Citizen Deaths

During the drafting of the “*First Report to the State of Maryland Under HB 954*” in June 2015, there were two unexpected issues identified in regard to the methodology for reporting criteria under HB 954. First, the decision of the Implementation Group to include deaths occurring in local jails run by sheriffs’ offices required further evaluation. Sheriffs’ Offices operate the local jail in only 9 of the 24 counties.² For the other 14 counties (not counting Baltimore City, where the State operates the detention center), including most of the large counties, there is a separate correctional agency which operates the local jail.³ Because these jails are operated by correctional officers, and not law enforcement officers, deaths occurring in these facilities do not have to be reported under HB 954. Similarly, for jails operated by the Sheriff’s Office, it is clear that sheriff’s deputies are acting as correctional officers, and not law enforcement officers. In addition, the Bureau of Justice Statistics is already collecting inmate death records under the *Federal Deaths in Custody Reporting Program*. To remedy this issue, members of the Implementation Group, including the bill sponsor Delegate Alonzo Washington, agreed to amend the reporting requirements. For this report, and moving forward, the following requirement will supersede the previous reporting guideline in regard to the reporting of deaths occurring in local jails run by Sheriffs:

Once an individual is released by law enforcement into the custody of a Booking facility or Detention Center, regardless of who runs the facility, any death occurring thereafter will not be reported under HB 954 unless the death is determined to be the result of a medical issue or injury sustained during the process of detainment by law enforcement.

The second unexpected issue identified in regard to the methodology for reporting criteria is that HB 954 does not require the collection of data relating to deaths of citizens in Maryland by either Federal Law Enforcement Officers, or jurisdictions outside of Maryland, even if the incident occurred in Maryland. This issue will continue to be monitored and noted in future reports.

Reporting Criteria for Officer Deaths

In addition to reporting citizen deaths involving a law enforcement officer, HB 954 also requires all Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies to report to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center at the Governor’s Office of Crime Control & Prevention, all deaths of sworn law enforcement officers who died in the line of duty. HB 954 defines death in the line of duty as “the death of a law enforcement officer occurring while the officer is acting in the officer’s official capacity while on duty or while the officer is off duty, but performing activities that are within the scope of the officer’s official duties.”

Per criteria set forth in HB 954, the Implementation Group determined that Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies were required to report the deaths of all officers:

- Killed in the line of duty or in the course of law enforcement activities.

Per criteria set forth in HB 954, the Implementation Group determined that Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies were not required to report deaths of the following:

- Federal law enforcement personnel (e.g., FBI, DEA).

Data Collection Process

This report contains data collected from Maryland law Enforcement Agencies for cases occurring in calendar years 2013 – 2015. The first data collection cycle, required under the bill, ran from July 1, 2015 through

² Allegany County, Carroll County, Cecil County, Charles County, Frederick County, Garrett County, Harford County, St. Mary’s County, and Washington County

³ Anne Arundel County, Baltimore County, Calvert County, Caroline County, Dorchester County, Howard County, Kent County, Montgomery County, Prince George’s County, Queen Anne’s County, Somerset County, Talbot County, Wicomico County, and Worcester County

December 31, 2015. That data was submitted to the General Assembly on June 29, 2015, as part of the “*First Report to the State of Maryland under HB 954*”. All future cycles will be based on one full calendar year. Law Enforcement Agencies were asked to notify the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center at the Governor’s Office of Crime Control & Prevention within 48 hours of an incident, where a citizen death involving a law enforcement officer or the death of a law enforcement officer has occurred. For the current report, HB 954 required that all data be submitted by August 15, 2016. In addition, the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner was also asked to provide the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center with notification that a qualifying incident had occurred. Initially, reports were taken from law enforcement via e-mail or phone. The intent was to ensure that the notification process was not time consuming. Ultimately, a formal reporting guide was developed, along with a data submission form (Attachment B). The form was well received by law enforcement administrators, and has streamlined the process. Moving forward, a username and password protected database will be established, allowing law enforcement administrators to enter the data into a secure portal, accessible only by law enforcement and the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center.

Data Collected for Officer-Involved Citizen Deaths

For each qualifying citizen death involving a law enforcement officer, HB 954 requires law enforcement to report the following information to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center at the Governor’s Office of Crime Control & Prevention:

Agency

- Refers to the Maryland Law Enforcement Agency employing the officer involved.

Date of the citizen death

- This information is taken directly from the Medical Examiner report. If this report is unavailable, the word “approx.” will follow the date, and refer to the date of incident. If a significant number of days passed between the incident date, and the date of death, this information will be noted.

Time of the citizen death

- This information is taken directly from the Medical Examiner report. If this report is unavailable, the word “approx” will follow the time, and refer to the time of incident.

Age of the citizen

- The age at last birthday.

Sex of the citizen

- A person’s biological status, which was categorized as either male or female.

Ethnicity of the citizen

- Ethnicity categories are: Hispanic or Latino (H), Not Hispanic or Latino (NH), Unknown (U).

Race of the citizen

- Race categories are: American Indian or Alaska Native (I), Asian (A), Black or African American (B), White (W), Other (O), Unknown (U).

Age, gender, race, and ethnicity of the officer involved

- An officer is considered “involved” if they had direct or indirect contact with the deceased during the law enforcement action when the death occurred. The following special circumstances should be noted:
 - *Suicide*: If a suicide occurred while an officer(s) was present at the scene, the demographic information of those officers is captured.

- *SWAT Operation*: If a SWAT Operation is in progress at the scene, only the demographic information of individuals actively participating in the event causing the death is captured.
- *Traffic*: If a citizen dies as the result of a traffic related incident/accident, the demographic information of the officer(s) engaged with the subject at the time of the incident/accident will be captured.

Location of incident

- The physical address, or proximity thereof, where the event associated with the death occurred.

Narrative/summary of incident

- Brief details of the event based on the accounts provided via law enforcement’s reporting of the incident to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center.

In addition to the data elements collected as a requirement of HB 954, one additional data element was collected, the manner of death. This data element, utilizing information taken directly from Medical Examiner reports, was necessary in determining if a case qualified under HB 954.

Manner of death

- Manner of death is the classification of categories used to define whether a death is from intentional causes, unintentional causes, natural causes, or undetermined causes. The Office of the Chief Medical Examiner in Maryland uses the following primary classifications for manner of death:
 - *Accident (A)*: Accident applies when an injury or poisoning causes death and there is little or no evidence that the injury or poisoning occurred with the intent to harm or cause death. In essence, the fatal outcome was unintentional.
 - *Homicide (H)*: Homicide occurs when death results from a volitional act committed by another person to cause fear, harm, or death.⁴
 - *Natural (N)*: Natural deaths are due solely or nearly totally to disease and/or the aging process
 - *Suicide (S)*: Suicide results from an injury or poisoning as a result of an intentional, self-inflicted act committed to do self harm or cause the death of one’s self.
 - *Undetermined (U)*: A classification used when the information pointing to one manner of death is no more compelling than one or more other competing manners of death in thorough consideration of all available information.
 - *Pending (P)*: Awaiting additional test results or information.

Data Collected for Officer Deaths

For each qualifying law enforcement officer death, HB 954 requires law enforcement to report the following information to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center at the Governor’s Office of Crime Control & Prevention:

Agency

- Refers to the Maryland Law Enforcement Agency employing the deceased officer.

⁴ Hanzlick, R., Hunsaker III, J., & Davis, G. (2002). “A Guide for Manner of Death Classification” *National Association of Medical Examiners*. Retrieved from: <http://www.charlydmiller.com/LIB03/2002NAMEmannerofdeath.pdf>.

Date of the officer death

- This information is taken directly from the Medical Examiner report. If the Medical Examiner report is unavailable, the word “approx.” will follow the date, and refer to the date of incident. If a significant number of days passed between the incident date, and the date of death, this information will be noted.

Age of the deceased officer

- The age at last birthday.

Sex of the deceased officer

- A person’s biological status, which was categorized as either male or female.

Ethnicity of the deceased officer

- Ethnicity categories are: Hispanic or Latino (H), Not Hispanic or Latino (NH), Unknown (U).

Race of the deceased officer

- Race categories are: American Indian or Alaska Native (I), Asian (A), Black or African American (B), White (W), Other (O), Unknown (U).

Location of Incident

- The physical address, or proximity thereof, where the event associated with the death occurred.

Narrative/summary of incident

- Brief details of the incident based on the accounts provided via law enforcement’s reporting of the incident to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center.

2013 DATA FINDINGS

Officer-Involved Citizen Deaths

Between January 1, 2013 and December 31, 2013, there were a total of 37 qualifying cases of citizen deaths involving a law enforcement officer in Maryland. There were 35 incidents, with 1 incident resulting in 3 deaths. These statistics are based on information reported by Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center at the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention. *2013 Table 1* shows the raw data provided by law enforcement in accordance with HB 954. In several situations, there were multiple citizens, jurisdictions, and officers involved in a single incident. The previous section defines each variable presented in *2013 Table 1*. A brief narrative of the incident, based on the accounts provided via law enforcement's reporting of the incident to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center, is presented in *2013 Table 2*.

2013 Table 1: Raw Data for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

The following information was supplied by Law Enforcement Agencies and does not reflect the understanding or opinion of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention.

Case	Date Time	Location	Citizen Information				Agency	Officer Information				Manner of Death
			Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race		Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	
1	1/10/13 1:00 AM	4822 West Winds Drive Mount Airy, MD 21771	M	19	NH	W	Frederick County Sheriff's Office	M	45	NH	W	H
								M	27	NH	W	
2	1/12/13 11:58 PM	5243 Buckeystown Pike Frederick, MD 21704	M	26	NH	W	Frederick County Sheriff's Office	M	51	NH	W	H
								M	46	NH	W	
								M	41	NH	W	
3	1/18/13 4:26 PM	I-270 @ Montrose Road Rockville, MD 20852	M	27	NH	B	Maryland State Police	M	24	NH	W	S
4	1/25/13 8:30 PM	500 North Madiera Street Baltimore, MD 21205	M	41	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	30	NH	B	H
5	2/08/13 11:16 PM	4203 53 rd Avenue Bladensburg, MD 20710	F	43	NH	B	Bladensburg Police Department	M	28	NH	B	H
								F	26	NH	B	
								M	26	NH	W	
6	2/14/13 1:59 PM	I-81 S & Route 40 W Hagerstown, MD 21740	M	58	NH	B	Washington County Sheriff's Office	M	29	NH	W	A
7	3/5/13 3:24 PM	I-95 Southbound White Marsh, MD 21162	M	23	NH	W	Maryland State Police	M	28	NH	W	S
								M	35	NH	B	
8	3/7/13 10:45 PM	Camden Ave. @ Pine Bluff Rd. Salisbury MD 21801	M	15	NH	B	Salisbury Police Department	M	38	NH	W	A
9	3/29/13 2:24 PM	Meadow Dale @ Volunteer Dr Rawlings, MD 21557	M	53	NH	W	Maryland State Police	M	41	NH	W	H
								M	43	NH	W	
10	3/31/13 5:51 AM	14491 Reading Ferry Road Princess Anne, MD 21853	M	59	NH	B	Princess Anne Police Department	M	40	NH	W	A

2013 Table 1 (continued): Raw Data for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

Case	Date Time	Location	Citizen Information				Agency	Officer Information				Manner of Death
			Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race		Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	
11	4/9/13 4:30 PM	100 Holiday Street Baltimore, MD 21202	M	46	NH	W	Maryland State Police	M	25	NH	W	A
12	4/19/13 2:21 AM	3403 Foster Avenue Baltimore, MD 21224	M	42	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	30	NH	W	H
								M	28	NH	B	
								M	29	H	U	
13	4/19/13 7:15 PM	8800 Block Cross Country Pl. Gaithersburg, MD 20879	M	51	NH	B	Montgomery County Police Department	M	43	NH	W	U
14	4/23/13 12:55 AM	2700 Edmonson Avenue Baltimore, MD 21223	M	23	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	24	H	U	H
								M	27	NH	A	
15	5/25/13 4:34 PM	1100 Cross Street Baltimore, MD 21230	M	27	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	37	NH	W	H
16	6/5/13 6:18 PM	11165 Pulaski Highway White Marsh, MD 21162	M	57	NH	B	Baltimore County Police Department	M	31	NH	W	H
17	6/25/13 12:17 PM	200 Jefferson Street Hagerstown, MD 21740	M	34	NH	B	Hagerstown Police Department	M	53	NH	W	U
								M	42	NH	W	
								M	42	NH	W	
								M	23	NH	W	
								M	40	NH	W	
18	7/18/13 8:11 PM	1300 Kitmore Road Baltimore, MD 21239	M	44	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	25	NH	W	U
								M	31	H	U	
								M	34	NH	B	
19	7/21/13 12:10 AM	10100 Davenport Drive Cockeysville, MD 21030	M	49	NH	W	Baltimore County Police Department	M	45	NH	W	H
20	8/13/13 5:25 PM	5422 Dogwood Road Woodlawn MD 21207	M	23	NH	B	Baltimore County Police Department	M	28	NH	W	H
								M	25	NH	B	
								M	33	NH	W	
21	8/18/13 1:10 AM	1500 Rock Spring Road Bel Air, MD 21050	M	19	NH	W	Harford County Sheriff's Office	M	43	NH	W	H
22	8/28/13 2:53 PM	14 Roberts Avenue Catonsville, MD 21228	M	25	NH	B	Baltimore County Police Department	M	43	NH	W	H
23	9/2/13 4:18 PM	3218 Jenkins Lane Indian Head, MD 20640	F	71	NH	W	Charles County Sheriff's Office	M	31	NH	W	S

2013 Table 1 (continued): Raw Data for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

Case	Date Time	Location	Citizen Information				Agency	Officer Information				Manner of Death
			Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race		Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	
24	9/04/13 7:32 PM	200 North Spring Court Baltimore, MD 21231	M	25	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	23	NH	W	H
								M	32	NH	W	
								M	26	NH	B	
25	9/10/13 1:00 AM	1911 Copeland Street Annapolis, MD 21401	M	31	NH	B	Annapolis Police Department	M	42	NH	B	H
26*	9/24/13 12:47 AM	500 Northern Parkway Baltimore, MD 21212	M	26	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	28	NH	W	A
27*	9/24/13 12:32 AM		M	28	NH	B		M	26	NH	B	A
28*	9/24/13 1:07 AM		F	46	NH	B		M	27	NH	W	A
29	9/28/13 7:42 PM	714 Erie Street Havre de Grace, MD 21078	M	34	NH	W	Harford County Sheriff's Office	M	34	NH	W	H
30	10/02/13 2:20 AM	3901 Lighthouse Way Beltsville, MD 20705	M	39	NH	B	Prince George's County Police Department	M	30	NH	B	H
31	10/16/13 10:38 PM	3500 Block Mannasota Ave. Baltimore, MD 21206	M	40	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	29	NH	W	H
32	10/19/13 9:40 AM	Route 1 at Route 100 Elkridge, MD 21075	M	51	NH	B	Howard County Police Department	F	30	NH	W	N
								M	31	NH	W	
33	10/30/13 11:10 AM	I-95 North @ Mountain Road Joppa, MD 21085	M	22	NH	B	Maryland Transportation Authority Police	M	34	NH	W	A
								M	34	NH	W	
								M	39	NH	W	
34	11/06/13 2:30 AM	1700 Block Oakland Road Ridgely, MD 21660	M	30	NH	B	Maryland State Police	M	27	NH	W	A
35	11/08/13 8:28 AM	Worcester Hwy & Assateague Rd. Berlin, MD 21811	M	16	NH	B	Maryland State Police	M	21	NH	W	A
36	11/12/13 11:15 PM	270 Northbound @ 370 Gaithersburg, MD 20878	F	25	NH	A	Montgomery County Sheriff's Office	M	31	NH	W	A
37	11/18/13 9:58 PM	Great Seneca Hwy. & Grotton Ln. Germantown, MD 20878	M	27	H	U	Montgomery County Police Department	M	46	NH	W	H
								M	44	NH	W	
								M	36	NH	W	
								M	42	NH	W	
								M	43	NH	W	
								M	42	NH	W	

*same incident

2013 Table 2: Narrative / Summaries for Deaths Involving A Law Enforcement Officer

The following information was supplied by Law Enforcement Agencies and does not reflect the understanding or opinion of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention.

Case	Narrative / Summary of Incident
1	Special Services Team (SST) was serving a search and seizure warrant for a Howard County Police criminal case. SST entered the residence after breaching the front door. Two members of SST discharged their service weapons after encountering an armed subject. The subject was struck multiple times and pronounced dead at the scene.
2	Off duty deputies were attempting to remove a subject from a movie theater at the request of the theater manager. The subject became verbally and physically resistant, and began to fight with deputies as they escorted him toward the exit. The subject fell to the ground and was handcuffed by the deputies. The subject became unconscious and was transported to a nearby hospital where he was pronounced deceased a short time later.
3	The subject was stopped for a traffic violation. After pulling over to the side of the road, prior to any contact with police, the subject committed suicide. The subject died of a self-inflicted gunshot wound at the scene.
4	The officer was conducting crime suppression enforcement and approached the subject in an attempt identify him. As the officer approached, the subject fled on foot. The subject pulled a handgun and fired at the officer. The officer returned fire and shot the subject, who later died.
5	Officers responded to the report of a disturbance involving a woman brandishing a knife. When officers arrived on scene, the subject attacked the officers with a knife. Officers discharged their firearms, resulting in the death of the subject.
6	The subject was involved in a shoplifting from local retailer. A Deputy attempted a traffic stop on the subject's vehicle, and the subject fled Northbound in Southbound Lanes of I-81. Driving in the wrong direction down the entrance ramp to route 40, the subject struck an oncoming vehicle. The subject died as a result of the injuries he sustained in the accident.
7	A traffic stop was initiated on the subject for unauthorized use of a relative's vehicle. As two troopers were on scene investigating, the suspect committed suicide with a firearm.
8	An Officer attempted to initiate a traffic stop on the subject, who was believed to be intoxicated. The subject quickly accelerated and struck a telephone pole. The subject received multiple injuries, resulting in his death.
9	Officers responded to a subject shooting at citizens. The subject threatened troopers with the firearm. Officers fired, fatally wounding the subject.
10	An officer attempted to conduct a traffic stop (speeding) of a Toyota Camry, operated by the subject. The subject failed to stop once the officer activated his emergency equipment, and the officer began to pursue. The pursuit continued on several back roads, while the subject attempted to elude the officer at high rates of speed. The pursuit ended, and the subject exited his vehicle and ran into a river, still attempting to flee the officer. The officer attempted to enter the river to reach the subject, who was in distress due to the cold temperature of the water. The subject was observed going under water, and not returning. Officers were forced to exit the freezing water, and water rescue teams located the body and pronounced the subject deceased.
11	A driver attempted to flee from a marked patrol vehicle. The driver lost control, overturned and struck a pedestrian. The driver attempted to flee on foot and was immediately apprehended. The pedestrian died as a result of the injuries.
12	Officers received a call for a shooting. Upon arrival, they observed the subject armed with a semi-automatic handgun. The subject was given verbal commands to drop his weapon, and eventually took off running with the gun still in his possession. A chase ensued and the subject was shot by the officers.
13	Officers responded to a report of a subject acting erratically and observed the subject displaying signs of being under the influence of a narcotic and standing on top of an SUV that did not belong to him. The subject threw a landscape rock in the direction of officers and OC spray was deployed, having no effect. The subject ignored officer's commands and moved to the front door of a townhome in the area and a large crowd gathered. For the safety of the residents and officers, two officers deployed a TASER and the subject was taken into custody. At this time, officers noticed the subject had become unresponsive and called for medical assistance. The subject was transported to a local hospital where he was pronounced deceased.
14	Officers observed a group of armed subjects chasing another group. One subject jumped into a vehicle in an attempt to flee, and directed the vehicle at the officers. Officers fired into the vehicle, striking the deceased.
15	Officers were involved in a foot pursuit of a subject who was wanted for a shooting that just occurred. The subject pointed a weapon at the officer and was shot and killed.
16	A police dispatch call was received of an assault which just occurred at a Motel. Upon further investigation it was discovered that the subject had an open arrest warrant and was being requested to leave the property. Upon officers trying to affect the arrest on the subject, the subject unsnapped one of the officer's holsters attempting to remove the weapon. The struggle eventually leads to another officer shooting the subject, resulting in his death.
17	Two officers responded to a call for a male attempting to enter a residence where he did not belong. When officers contacted the subject, he was acting very erratic, speaking without making any sense and unable to "sit still". After being placed into handcuffs without incident and sat down on the curb, the subject began thrashing and kicking. Officers rolled the subject onto his stomach to gain control of his legs. This happened several more times. Officers noticed the subject was "hot to the touch" and called for EMS to respond. Eventually additional officers arrived to assist along with EMS. At one point when the subject stopped thrashing around, officers again rolled him on his side and noticed he was not breathing. Immediately officers un-cuffed the subject to allow EMS to treat him. Another officer was notified of the situation during the earlier struggle, and of the subject's high body temperature, and responded to a convenience store to obtain ice to assist EMS in trying to cool the subject's body temperature down prior to transporting his to the hospital. The subject was pronounced dead at the hospital.
18	Plain clothes officers stopped the subject for a traffic violation. Officers observed suspected Controlled Dangerous Substances (CDS) in plain view. The subject resisted arrest and began fighting with the officers, but was eventually subdued. Due to extreme heat and over exhaustion, the subject succumbed to heat ailment.
19	Police responded for an individual who was acting irrationally, threatening others, and had already assaulted one person. The subject was in possession of a large knife, and officers gave numerous commands for him to drop the knife. His repeated refusal to drop the knife resulted in an officer firing his service weapon. This ended in the death of the subject.

2013 Table 2 (continued): Narrative / Summaries for Deaths Involving A Law Enforcement Officer

Case	Narrative / Summary of Incident
20	Officers were attempting to apprehend subjects who were fleeing in a vehicle from a burglary that had just occurred. An officer was at the driver's side door/window attempting to arrest the driver, when the driver drove away in the direction of another officer. Three officers discharged their service weapons striking the occupants in the vehicle. This resulted in one of the occupants being stuck and succumbing to his injuries.
21	Deputies were dispatched for a report of a disorderly subject reported to be tearing up a 7-11 store. Deputies were also advised that the subject left the store and was alleged to have assaulted a customer. While enroute, deputies were also advised the suspect was now at the BP gas station across the street from the 7-11, and was alleged to be acting in the same manner and reported to be tearing it up as well. An additional call to 911 reported the subject to be breaking into a Snowball Stand located on the lot of the same BP Station. The deputy observed the suspect inside the snowball stand. He ordered the suspect to come out and when he did, an altercation ensued between the deputy and the suspect. During the altercation the subject was shot and wounded. The subject later died at the hospital.
22	Officers from the Violent Crimes Unit and Tactical Unit were in the process of executing a search and seizure warrant for a suspect regarding a recent shooting. Upon a lawful entry and announcing their presence, a subject with a pistol fled to another room in the location. He was pursued, and as he was being subdued by Tactical Officers, another subject opened fire on these officers. The result of this exchange was 1 officer being struck and succumbing to his injuries. In this exchange, the subject who firing was also struck and died from his injuries.
23	Officers from the Charles County Sheriff's Office responded to a domestic dispute. Upon arrival, an officer made contact with one half of the domestic dispute. While on scene, the Officer heard a gunshot from the backyard of the residence. The Officer responded to the backyard and located the victim suffering from a self-inflicted gunshot wound to the head.
24	Officers were pursuing an armed robbery suspect on foot. Officers caught up to the subject and attempted to arrest him. A physical confrontation ensued and the subject pulled a weapon from his waistband. The officers fired and struck the subject.
25	The subject had stabbed a victim, and a neighbor was able to get the knife away from the subject. The subject then went into a nearby home and emerged with another knife. The subject was advancing toward the victim when an officer fired his weapon. The subject ultimately died, but was able to stab another victim after he was shot.
26 - 28	All 3 of these cases are from the same incident: A subject was operating a vehicle at a speed greater than reasonable, and failed to obey a red signal while attempting to elude police after a traffic stop attempt. The vehicle lost control and crashed into an SUV. Two occupants of the fleeing vehicle and 1 occupant of the bystander's SUV were killed at the scene.
29	The Havre de Grace Police Department responded to an apartment in reference to a physical domestic. Upon the arrival of officers, the situation escalated to a hostage barricade. The Havre de Grace Police Department requested assistance, and the Harford County Sheriff's Office Special Response Team (SRT) and other units from the Harford County Sheriff's Office responded and took over the scene. While the SRT entry team members were making their way to the rear apartment entrance, the subject emerged from a side window above the entry team and pointed what was believed to be a black handgun down toward SRT entry team members. Fearing for the safety of the entry team, the SRT sniper fired 1 round from his rifle striking the suspect. Shortly thereafter the SRT entry team entered the apartment and located the subject who was fatally wounded. It was later discovered that the subject had cut and fashioned a black piece of plastic packaging into the shape or facsimile of a handgun.
30	Officer responded to the scene for the report of a fight in progress. When the officer arrived, the subject fled on foot. The officer pursued and cornered the subject near a fence. The subject reached into a bag he was carrying, and turned toward the officer. The officer discharged his weapon, striking and killing the subject.
31	The subject had been pulled over by police for a traffic violation. The subject sped away, dragging an officer with the vehicle. The subject was subsequently shot several times.
32	The Officer involved conducted a lawful traffic stop on a vehicle for displaying expired registration plates, and determined that the driver had been suspended through MVA. Upon placing the individual in two sets of handcuffs (due to his size), the Officer began to search the individual. The individual began to fall ill, and lowered himself to the ground, subsequently collapsing in a seizure. The handcuffs were immediately removed and the individual went into cardiac arrest. CPR was conducted by the officers and EMS, but the individual was pronounced deceased on scene.
33	Subject was taken into custody for weapons violations. While being led to transport vehicle, the subject broke free, fled into moving traffic, and was struck and killed.
34	A driver fled the scene of a traffic stop, lost control of his vehicle and crashed. The driver succumbed to his injuries.
35	A Maryland State Police vehicle struck a pedestrian who had attempted to cross the highway. The pedestrian died as a result of injuries from the collision.
36	While conducting a Driving Under the Influence (DUI) traffic stop, officers noticed a white Honda sedan travelling northbound on I-270 without any headlights on. As officers called over the radio to have someone respond, the white Honda sedan conducted a U-turn, turned on its headlights, and began travelling southbound on I-270 North. An officer was travelling on I-270 and was able to catch up to the vehicle. At the crossover of I-270 and I-370, the driver of the sedan collided with a silver Mercedes. The driver of the Mercedes was conscious but pinned in the vehicle, while the driver of the Honda was unresponsive. Fire/Rescue responded and attempted to revive the driver, but she was pronounced deceased at the scene.
37	Officers responded to a report from a subject who stated that he killed his grandmother and roommate. The subject advised that he was armed with an AR-15 rifle and wanted police to use deadly force on him. Upon arrival, officers observed the subject at a nearby intersection armed with an AR-15 rifle. Emergency Response Team negotiations began, but officers were ultimately forced to shoot the armed subject who threatened officer's lives.

Officer Deaths in the Line of Duty

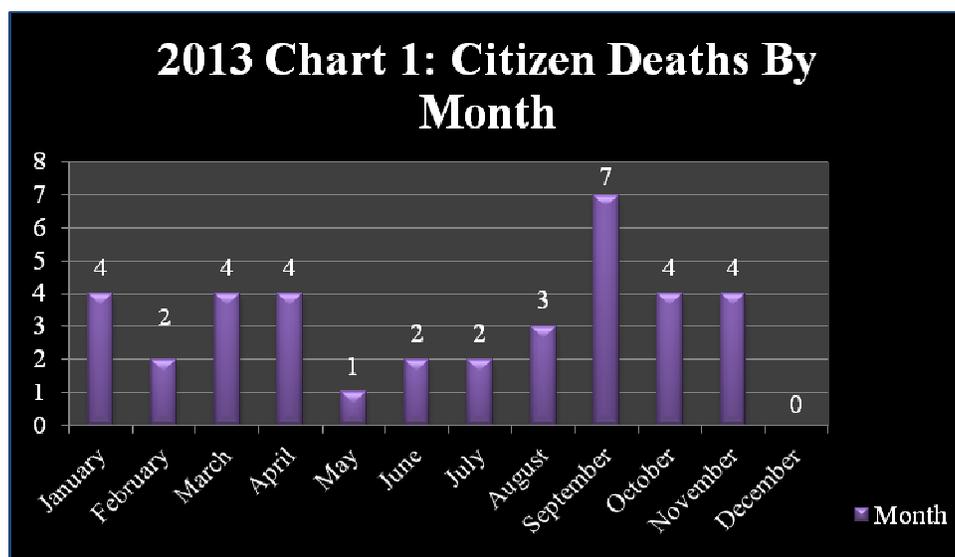
Between January 1, 2013 and December 31, 2013, there was one qualifying case of a law enforcement officer death in the line of duty in Maryland. These statistics are based on information reported by Maryland’s Law Enforcement Agencies to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center at the Governor’s Office of Crime Control & Prevention. *2013 Tables 3 and 4* show the details of this incident, and were provided by law enforcement in accordance with HB 954.

2013 Table 3: Law Enforcement Officer Death								
The following information was supplied by Law Enforcement Agencies and does not reflect the understanding or opinion of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention								
Case	Date Time	Location	Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	Agency	Manner of Death
1	08/28/13	14 Roberts Avenue, Catonsville MD 21228	M	36	U	W	Baltimore County Police Department	H

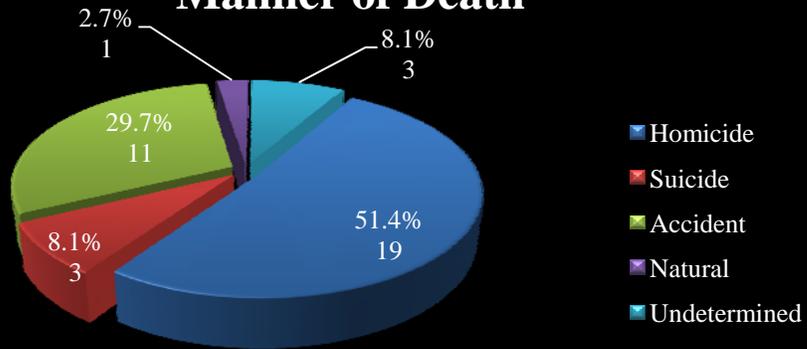
2013 Table 4: Narrative of Law Enforcement Officer Death	
The following information was supplied by Law Enforcement Agencies and does not reflect the understanding or opinion of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention	
Case	Narrative / Summary of Incident
1	Officers from the Violent Crimes Unit and Tactical Unit were in the process of executing a search and seizure warrant for a suspect regarding a recent shooting. Upon a lawful entry and announcing their presence, a subject with a pistol fled to another room in the location. He was pursued, and as he was being subdued by Tactical Officers, another subject opened fire on these officers. The result of this exchange was this officer being struck and succumbing to his injuries. In this exchange the subject who firing was also struck and died from his injuries.

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

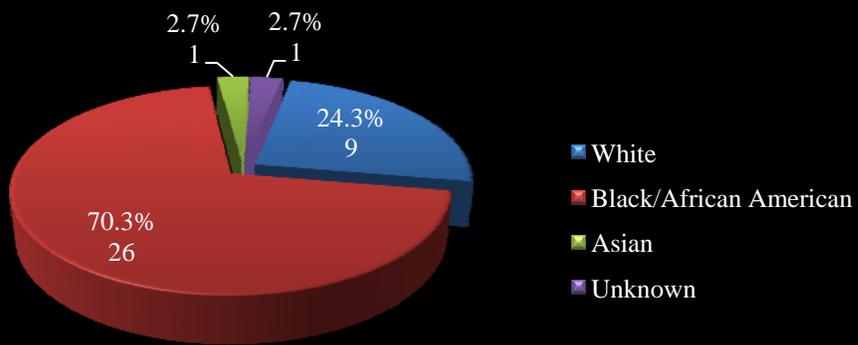
Between January 1, 2013 and December 31, 2013, there were a total of 37 qualifying cases of citizen deaths involving a law enforcement officer in Maryland. There were 35 incidents, with one incident resulting three deaths. The highest number of incidents took place in September, with a total of seven deaths (2013 Chart 1). *Chart 2* shows a breakdown of the qualifying deaths by manner of death. Of the qualifying deaths, 51% were homicides. Black or African American made up 70% of the deaths in regard to race (2013 Chart 3), and 90% of the subjects were male (2013 Chart 4).



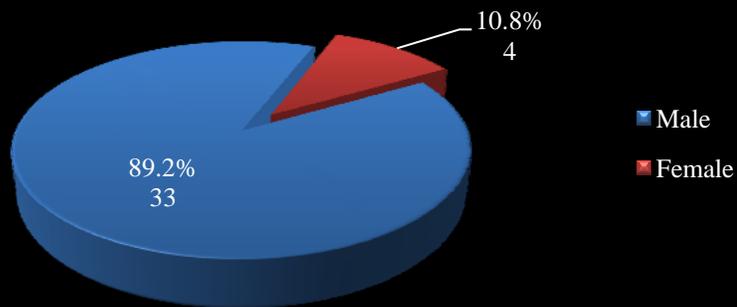
2013 Chart 2: Citizen Deaths by Manner of Death



2013 Chart 3: Citizen Deaths by Race



2013 Chart 4: Citizen Deaths By Sex



There were a total of 17 Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies who reported having qualifying deaths during this reporting period (2013 Table 5). There were 20 incidents that involved only 1 responding officer (2013 Table 6). Sixty-four of the 66 officers involved in incidents were male (2013 Table 7), and 51 of the 66 officers were white (2013 Table 8). The average age of the officers involved was 37 years old.

2013 Table 5: Deaths by Agency of Officer Involved	
Agency of Officer	Frequency
Annapolis Police Department	1
Baltimore City Police Department	10
Baltimore County Police Department	4
Bladensburg Police Department	1
Charles County Sheriff's Office	1
Frederick County Sheriff's Office	2
Hagerstown Police Department	1
Harford County Sheriff's Office	2
Howard County Police Department	1
Maryland State Police	6
Maryland Transportation Authority	1
Montgomery County Police Department	2
Montgomery County Sheriff's Office	1
Prince George's County Police Department	1
Princess Anne Police Department	1
Salisbury Police Department	1
Washington County Sheriff's Office	1
Total Number of Deaths	37

2013 Table 6: Deaths by Number of Officers Involved	
Number of Officers Involved in Incident	Frequency
1	20
2	5
3	8
5	1
7	1
Total Number of Incidents	35

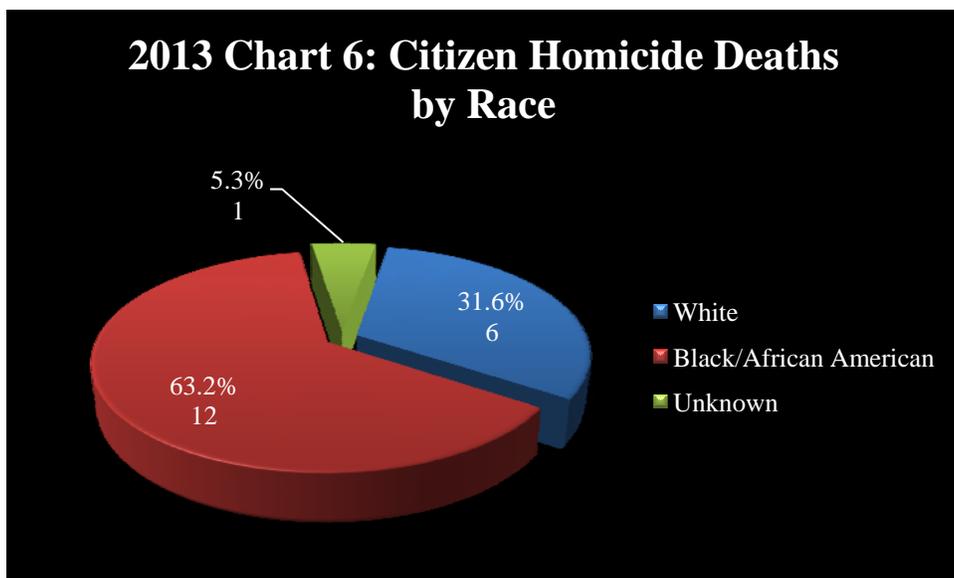
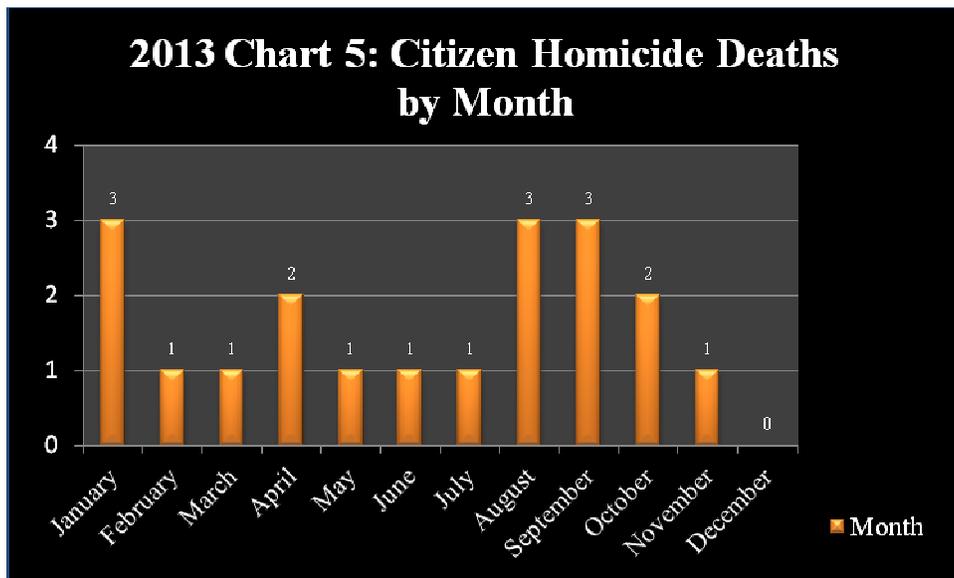
2013 Table 7: Sex of Officers Involved	
Sex of Officer	Frequency
Male	64
Female	2
Total Number of Officers	66

2013 Table 8: Race of Officers Involved	
Race of Officer	Frequency
Black or African American	11
White	51
Asian	1
Unknown	3
Total Number of Officers	66

As noted in the “Methodology” section, HB 954 defines a citizen death involving a law enforcement officer as “the death of an individual resulting directly from an act or omission of a law enforcement officer, while the officer is on duty or while the officer is off duty, but performing activities that are within the scope of the officer’s official duties ...while the individual is detained, arrested, or was in the process of being arrested”. This definition requires the inclusion of qualifying incidents of suicide, bystanders, and accidental deaths. In order to conduct a further meaningful analysis, cases will be separated in accordance with the “Manner of Death,” as determined by the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner. 2013 Chart 2 shows the frequency of each manner of death.

Homicide

Of the 37 qualifying deaths involving a law enforcement officer cases in 2013, 19 cases were determined to be homicides. The highest number of incidents resulting in an officer-involved homicide took place in January, August or September, with each month accounted for 3 incidents (2013 Chart 5). Black or African American made up 63% of the subjects in regard to race (2013 Chart 6), and 95% of the subjects were male (2013 Table 9).



2013 Table 9: Citizens Homicide Deaths by Sex	
Sex of Citizen	Frequency
Male	18
Female	1
Total Number of Citizen Homicide Deaths	19

There were a total of nine Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies whose qualifying incidents were categorized as homicides by the Medical Examiner (2013 Table 10). There were 10 incidents that involved only one officer (2013 Table 11). A total of 38 officers were involved in these incidents. All but one officer were male (2013 Table 12), and 27 of the 38 officers were white (2013 Table 13). The average age of the officers involved was 36 years old.

2013 Table 10: Agency of Officers Involved in Homicides	
Agency of Officer	Frequency
Annapolis Police Department	1
Baltimore City Police Department	6
Baltimore County Police Department	4
Bladensburg Police Department	1
Frederick County Sheriff's Office	2
Harford County Sheriff's Office	2
Maryland State Police	1
Montgomery County Sheriff's Office	1
Prince George's County Police Department	1
Total Number of Citizen Homicide Deaths	19

2013 Table 11: Number of Officers Involved per Homicide Incident	
Number of Officers Involved	Frequency
1	10
2	3
3	5
7	1
Total Number of Citizen Homicide Deaths	19

2013 Table 12: Sex of Officers Involved in Homicides	
Sex of Officer	Frequency
Male	37
Female	1
Total Number of Officers Involved in Citizen Homicide Deaths	38

2013 Table 13: Race of Officers Involved in Homicides	
Race of Officer	Frequency
White	27
Black/African American	8
Asian	1
Unknown	2
Total Number of Officers Involved in Citizen Homicide Deaths	38

Suicide

Of the 37 qualifying cases, three cases were determined to be suicides. The incidents took place in January, March and September. Two of the three subjects were male (2013 Table 14), and 67% were white (2013 Table 15). Maryland State Police reported two of the three qualifying suicides (2013 Table 16).

2013 Table 14: Citizens Suicide Deaths by Sex	
Sex of Citizen	Frequency
Male	2
Female	1
Total Number of Citizen Suicide Deaths	3

2013 Table 15: Citizens Suicide Deaths by Race	
Race of Citizen	Frequency
White	2
Black/African American	1
Total Number of Citizen Suicide Deaths	3

2013 Table 16: Agency of Officers Involved in Suicides	
Agency of Officer	Frequency
Charles County Sheriff's Office	1
Maryland State Police	2
Total Number of Officers Involved in Citizen Suicide Deaths	3

Accident

Of the 37 qualifying deaths, there were nine incidents, involving 11 deaths resulting from an accident (2013 Table 1, Cases 6, 8, 10, 11, 26-28, 33-36). Cases 26-28 involved three accidental deaths during the same incident (2013 Table 1). The average age of officers involved in accidents was 31 years old.

Undetermined

Of the 37 qualifying deaths, there were three incidents where the Medical Examiner categorized the manner of death as undetermined. In all three of those cases, law enforcement reported that narcotics were involved, or the individual appeared to be under the influence of narcotics at the time of the incident (2013 Table 1, Cases 13, 17-18).

Pending – 0 cases

Of the 37 qualifying deaths, there were no incidents where the Medical Examiner reported the manner of death as pending.

Natural – 1 case

Of the 37 qualifying deaths, there was one incident where the Medical Examiner reported the manner of death as natural (2013 Table 1, Case 32).

2014 DATA FINDINGS

Officer-Involved Citizen Deaths

Between January 1, 2014 and December 31, 2014, there were a total of 31 qualifying cases of citizen deaths involving a law enforcement officer in Maryland. There were 30 incidents, with one incident resulting in two deaths. In that incident, the subject killed his own child just prior to engaging in a shootout with police. These statistics are based on information reported by Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center at the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention. Table 1 shows the raw data provided by law enforcement in accordance with HB 954. In several situations, there were multiple citizens, jurisdictions, and officers involved in a single incident. The opening section of this report defines each variable presented in *2014 Table 1*. A brief narrative of the incident, based on the accounts provided via law enforcement's reporting of the incident to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center, is presented in *2014 Table 2*.

2014 Table 1: Raw Data for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

The following information was supplied by Law Enforcement Agencies and does not reflect the understanding or opinion of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention

Case	Date Time	Location	Citizen Information				Officer Information					Manner of Death
			Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	Agency	Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	
1	1/10/14 10:09 AM	2108 North Charles Street Baltimore, MD 21218	M	28	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	37	NH	W	S
2	1/13/14 5:39 PM	1800 East Lanvale Street Baltimore, MD 21213	M	24	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	39	NH	B	S
3	1/21/14 3:17 AM	I-495 Southbound @ Route 50 New Carrollton, MD 20784	M	27	NH	B	Maryland State Police	M	30	NH	W	A
4	1/29/14 8:15 PM	7415 Lake Katrine Terrace Gaithersburg, MD 20879	M	25	NH	B	Montgomery County Police Department	M	58	NH	B	H
5	2/4/14 10:43 PM	121 White Marsh Road Centreville, MD 21617	M	78	NH	W	Queen Anne's County Sheriff's Office	M	40	NH	W	U
								F	27	NH	W	
								M	26	NH	W	
6	2/3/14 7:40 PM	100 East Carroll Street Salisbury, MD 21801	M	25	NH	B	Salisbury Police Department	M	50	H	W	H
7	2/12/14 11:44 PM	1801 Spence Street Baltimore, MD 21230	M	22	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	F	30	H	W	H
								M	30	NH	W	
8	3/4/14 8:51 AM	2600 Madison Avenue @ 1100 Cloverdale Road, Baltimore, MD 21217	M	67	NH	B	Maryland Transit Administration Police	M	35	NH	B	U
9	3/18/14 9:01 PM	2765 North Salisbury Blvd Salisbury, MD 21801	M	32	NH	B	Maryland State Police	M	45	NH	W	H
								M	26	NH	W	

2014 Table 1 (continued): Raw Data for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

Case	Date Time	Location	Citizen Information				Agency	Officer Information				Manner of Death
			Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race		Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	
10	3/18/14 2:46 PM	8640 Oakleigh Road Parkville, MD 21234	M	21	NH	W	Baltimore County Police Department	M	36	U	W	H
								M	22	U	B	
								M	23	U	W	
11	3/21/14 3:52 AM	I-95 Southbound Maryland House Rest Stop Aberdeen, MD 21001	M	29	NH	B	Maryland State Police	M	42	H	H	H
								M	22	NH	B	
								M	28	NH	W	
12	3/29/14 4:43 AM	St. Margarets Road @ Pleasant Plains Road Annapolis, MD 21409	M	29	U	W	Anne Arundel County Police Department	M	39	U	W	A
13	4/3/14 11:45 PM	2800 Red Oak Lane Glenarden, MD 20706	M	32	NH	B	Glenarden Police Department	M	48	NH	B	A
14	4/5/14 4:35 AM	5200 Marlboro Pike District Heights, MD 20747	M	24	NH	B	Prince George's County Police Department	M	31	NH	W	H
15	5/11/14 4:50 PM	Route 4 South of Sixes Road Prince Frederick, MD 20678	M	27	NH	W	Maryland State Police	M	32	NH	B	A
16	5/11/14 7:30 AM	Good Samaritan Hospital 5601 Loch Raven Blvd. Baltimore, MD 21239	M	19	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	28	NH	W	N
17	5/20/14 9:15 AM	1100 Cedar Lane Bel Air, MD 21015	M	37	H	U	Harford County Sheriff's Office	M	30	NH	W	H
								M	29	NH	W	
								M	32	NH	W	
								M	41	H	U	
18	5/30/14 3:21 AM	3372 Curtis Drive Suitland, MD 20746	M	20	NH	B	Prince George's County Police Department	M	49	NH	B	H
								M	27	NH	W	
19	6/5/14 12:33 AM	St. Charles Parkway & Smallwood Drive Waldorf, MD 20602	M	48	NH	B	Maryland State Police	M	37	NH	B	A
20	6/5/14 1:08 PM	Route 40 East Hagerstown, MD 21740	M	28	NH	W	Maryland State Police	M	43	NH	W	A
21	6/7/14 7:25 PM	Cromwell Station Route 648 & Dorsey Road Glen Burnie, MD 21061	F	39	NH	B	Maryland Transit Administration Police	F	35	NH	B	H

2014 Table 1 (continued): Raw Data for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

Case	Date Time	Location	Citizen Information				Agency	Officer Information				Manner of Death
			Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race		Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	
22	6/15/14 4:23 PM	5000 Beaufort Avenue Baltimore, MD 21215	M	30	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	44	NH	W	H
23	7/22/14 2:45 AM	5501 Kathryns Court White Marsh, MD 21162	M	19	NH	B	Baltimore County Police Department	M	33	NH	W	H
24	7/22/14 12:31 PM	8740 Arliss Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20901	M	54	NH	B	Montgomery County Police Department	M	24	NH	W	H
25	8/16/14 1:17 PM	Branch Ave. & Auth Way Camp Springs, MD 20746	M	38	NH	B	Maryland State Police	M	43	NH	B	H
26			F	3	NH	B	Prince George's County Police Department	M	26	NH	W	
								M	46	NH	B	
								M	34	NH	W	
								M	28	NH	W	
								M	29	NH	W	
M	40	NH	B	H								
27	8/20/14 9:05 PM	Joppa Road @ Honeygo Boulevard, Perry Hall MD 21236	M	30	NH	B	Harford County Sheriff's Office	M	37	U	W	A
M	29	U	W									
28	8/20/14 3:33 PM	7618 Coachlight Lane Ellicott City, MD 21043	M	45	NH	W	Howard County Police Department	F	26	NH	W	H
M	25	NH	W									
29	8/23/14 6:54 AM	5049 Montgomery Road Ellicott City, MD 21043	M	61	H	W	Howard County Police Department	F	22	NH	W	H
M	25	NH	W									
30	10/23/14 6:16 AM	2309 Houston Street, Suitland, MD 20746	M	38	NH	B	Prince George's County Sheriff's Office	M	26	NH	B	H
31	12/9/14 11:18 AM	Eastern Ave @ Kingston Rd Middle River, MD 21220	M	78	NH	W	Baltimore County Police Department	M	34	NH	W	A

2014 Table 2: Narrative / Summaries for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

The following information was supplied by Law Enforcement Agencies and does not reflect the understanding or opinion of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention

Case	Narrative / Summary of Incident
1	The subject was wanted for a homicide that occurred a few days prior. The subject held up in an apartment, while armed. SWAT Officers engaged the subject, who took his own life.
2	Officers conducted a traffic stop after observing an individual, fitting the characteristics of an armed person, enter the car. During the stop, the subject produced a handgun and fired one round while turning toward the officers with the gun. The subject was subsequently shot and succumbed to his injuries. An autopsy determined that the bullet which struck the subject in the head, causing his death, was fired by the subject himself.
3	A driver ran from his vehicle during a traffic stop. The subject jumped over a jersey wall and fell onto another roadway, where he was struck by a passing motorist and died from his injuries.
4	The subject lived at home with his parents. The subject's father is an Montgomery County Police officer. While at home and off duty, the father heard his wife scream for help. The father observed the subject, his son, stabbing his wife with pruning shears. The officer retrieved his service weapon and discharged the firearm to stop the attack. The subject was struck and died on the scene.
5	A subject threatening suicide fired one bullet into his own body. Officers in contact with the subject, hearing the shot in the dark conditions, fired rounds at the suicidal subject. At least one round from law enforcement personnel struck the person, who also received a fatal self-inflicted wound.
6	The subject was wanted on several felony warrants out of Delaware. A traffic stop was initiated, and the subject was in possession of two loaded handguns. The subject pointed a gun at the officer, and the subject was shot one time, resulting in his death.
7	Officers responded to a burglary in progress. They entered the locations and were met by 2 subjects. Officers gave commands to the armed subjected to "Stop, drop the gun". The subject stated "You will have to kill me." Officers discharged their weapons, striking the subject, who later died.
8	MTA Police responded for a disorderly subject on a bus. The officer advised the subject that he was under arrest for disorderly conduct, and a brief struggle ensued. While waiting for the transport wagon, the subject continued to be combative, and was held down for both his, and the officer's safety. The subject became quiet and started to snore. Officers checked for a pulse and began CPR. A medic was called and took over resuscitation. The subject had a faint pulse while being transported, but went into cardiac arrest at the hospital.
9	A trooper attempted an arrest of the subject. The subject was able to flee to a vehicle and drive away, dragging the trooper with the vehicle. Troopers fired rounds, striking the subject, who died from his injuries.
10	Officers responded for a call to check on the well being of a subject who was communicating suicidal thoughts. The subject was encountered outside the location, and holding a large knife. He aggressively charged at the officers, and officers fired their weapons in self defense. The subject succumbed to his injuries.
11	A suspect fled in a vehicle from the scene of a commercial burglary and hit a responding police vehicle; a pursuit continued. The suspect's vehicle became temporarily stuck in soft ground, and officers attempted to arrest him. When the subject's vehicle became mobile again, he drove toward officers. They fired rounds and struck the subject.
12	A vehicle (vehicle #1) stopped to help a disabled vehicle (vehicle #2), but a confrontation ensued between the driver of vehicle #1 and the passenger of vehicle #2. The passenger of vehicle #2 kicked the door of vehicle #1, and grabbed the spoiler of the car as the driver of vehicle #1 tried to pull away. At this time, an Anne Arundel County police officer drove toward the scene, as the driver of vehicle #1 put his car in reverse, and hit the passenger of vehicle #2. Vehicle #1 tried to run from the police officer as the officer deployed lights and sirens. Vehicle #1 lost control and hit a tree, causing extensive head injuries to the rear seated passenger in this car, resulting in his death.
13	Officer responded to a call for a welfare check. Upon arrival, the officer observed a male, who appeared high on drugs. For safety reasons, officers placed the subject in handcuffs and sat him on the curb. The subject suddenly became unresponsive. He was transported to Prince George's General Hospital where he was pronounced dead.
14	Officers heard shots fired in the area, and as they searched, they saw the subject running from nearby apartments. The officer chased the subject on foot. Another officer saw the subject begin to turn toward the pursuing officer with a gun in his hand. The officer discharged his weapon, striking the subject.
15	A driver fled from a traffic stop and collided head on with another motorist. The driver involved in the traffic stop died from his injuries.
16	Officers responded to the hospital to assist security with a combative patient. The subject was combative due to the drugs he had ingested. Officers stunned the subject with a taser. Due to his prior medical conditions, the subject succumbed following the incident.
17	Harford County Sheriff's deputies responded for a report of a missing 28 year old woman. Police initiated a search for the vehicle the missing woman was driving. Deputies located the car on a dirt road. Responding deputies approached the car only to be warned off by the (presumed missing) woman. She yelled to police telling them her husband had a gun. Deputies retreated from the car and began negotiations with the husband. Tactical teams and crisis negotiators were called to the scene attempting to converse with the subject and encourage him to surrender. The situation escalated when Sheriff's Office Command personnel at the scene were notified by members of the Sheriff's Office Victim Services Unit that the subject was having his wife call family members and begin to say goodbye. In an effort to protect the woman, and prevent the subject from taking his own life, Sheriff's Response Team members were authorized to execute an emergency assault. They approached the subject and as they did shots were fired. The subject suffered gunshot wounds and died at the scene. As a result of evidence obtained by detectives and statements of witnesses, it has been determined that the subject shot his wife in the stomach with a handgun, and was subsequently fatally shot by tactical operators.
18	Two officers responded for a report of two subjects in front of an apartment building armed with a long gun. When the officers arrived, they located the subjects with the gun. One subject turned on the officers, with the rifle. The officers discharged their weapons, striking the subject. The other subject threw his gun to the ground and surrendered.
19	The subject fled from a traffic stop and lost control of his vehicle, resulting in a crash; he died from his injuries.
20	The subject fled from a traffic stop and lost control of his vehicle, resulting in a crash; he died from his injuries.

2014 Table 2 (continued): Narrative / Summaries for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

Case	Narrative / Summary of Incident
21	An MTA officer responding to investigate a disorderly subject at the Cromwell Light Rail Station was attacked by an adult female subject. The subject began to punch the officer in the face without provocation. During the assault, the subject grabbed the officer's throat and began choking her. A male witness attempted to assist the officer, due to the subject's size and having the upper hand, but the witness was unable to stop the subject. Fearing for her life, the officer discharged one round from her service weapon into the lower body of the subject, ultimately stopping the assault. She put the subject in custody and began medical treatment. The subject later died.
22	An officer was in the area and observed an armed person. Through witness statements, the officer learned there were shots fired prior to his arrival. The officer gave the subject several warnings to drop his weapons. The subject failed to comply, at which time the officer discharged his service weapon.
23	At the conclusion of a vehicle pursuit, occupants fled on foot. After an extensive search, a K-9 officer located a subject. A violent struggle ensued resulting in the K-9 officer firing his service weapon to protect himself. The subject succumbed to his injuries.
24	Officers responded to a trespassing call at a bank. Upon arrival, officers encountered the subject behaving erratically. The subject failed to respond to officers' instructions and produced two knives. The subject failed to comply with officers' commands to drop the knives and instead, advanced within approximately 6 feet of the officers, at which time an officer fired one shot, striking the subject. The subject was transported to a local hospital where he died.
25 & 26	Officers responded for a call of a kidnapping/shooting. The subject had taken his daughter from her house after shooting her grandfather and great grandmother. Officers spotted the subject's vehicle and began to pursue. After a chase that lasted several minutes, the subject's vehicle became pinned to the side of the road. The subject killed his daughter (in the vehicle) and then shot himself. Officers discharged their weapons upon hearing the shots, thinking the subject was firing at them, killing the subject. An autopsy revealed that the bullet which struck the girl was fired by the subject.
27	Deputies observed suspected drug activity that involved the subject. When deputies attempted a traffic stop on subject, he refused to stop his vehicle and lead multiple deputies on a pursuit. The subject crashed his truck into an assisting patrol vehicle, and he tried to put the truck in reverse several times, in an apparent attempt to continue to elude deputies. The subject then exited the vehicle and resisted arrest, by failing to comply with deputies orders. Deputies were forced to deploy their TASERS in an effort to safely place the subject under arrest. Shortly after arrest, the subject appeared to be in medical distress. Deputies un-handcuffed the subject and immediately began to administer CPR until EMS arrived. The subject was transported to a local hospital where he was pronounced dead.
28	Officers responded for a subject who had cut himself multiple times and was lying behind a door. Officers removed the door and the subject stood up while grasping the knife in close proximity to the officers. Both officers fired their weapons at the subject.
29	Officers responded to a residence for unknown trouble, and were confronted by a male subject holding two kitchen knives. Officers attempted to deploy a Taser, but the probes did not make contact. The subject briefly retreated, and then charged at the officers. Both officers fired their weapons.
30	While on the scene of a domestic assault, the subject approached the Officer with what was believed to be a firearm. The Officer shot the subject in fear of his safety.
31	A police officer, while traveling with emergency equipment activated, struck another vehicle. The operator of the other vehicle died as a result of the crash.

Officer Deaths in the Line of Duty

Between January 1, 2014 and December 31, 2014, there was one qualifying case of a law enforcement officer death in the line of duty in Maryland. These statistics are based on information reported by Maryland's Law Enforcement Agencies to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center at the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention. *2014 Tables 3 and 4* show the details of this incident, and were provided by law enforcement in accordance with HB 954.

2014 Table 3: Law Enforcement Officer Death

The following information was supplied by Law Enforcement Agencies and does not reflect the understanding or opinion of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention

Case	Date Time	Location	Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	Agency	Manner of Death
1	12/24/14 7:30 AM	Calendon Road King George, VA 22485	M	29	NH	B	Charles County Sheriff's Office	A

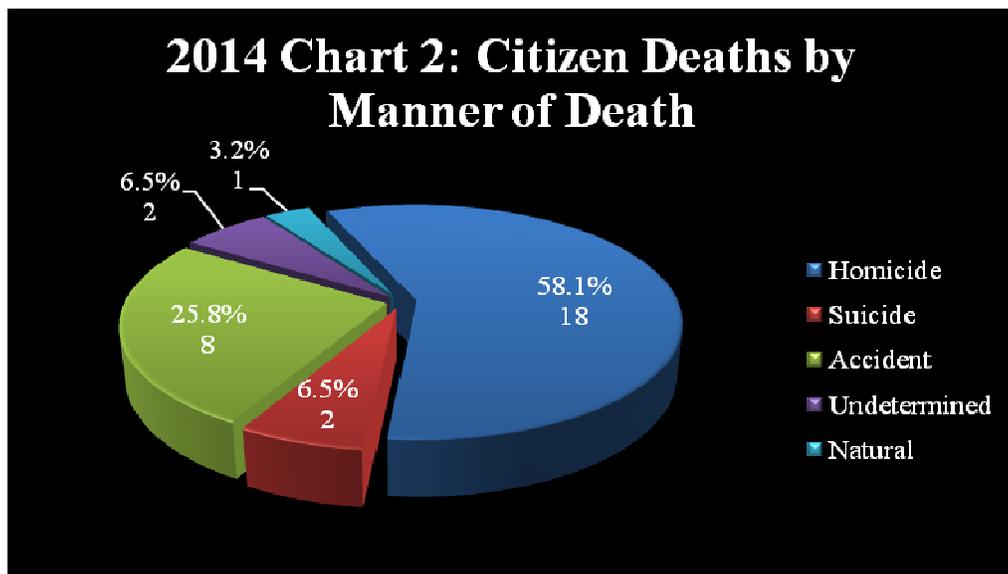
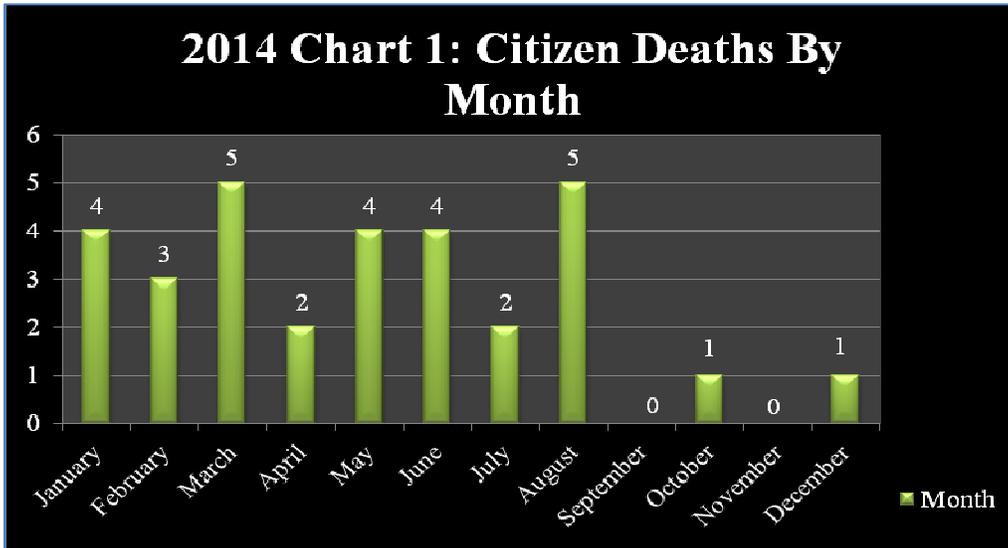
2014 Table 4: Narrative of Law Enforcement Officer Death

The following information was supplied by Law Enforcement Agencies and does not reflect the understanding or opinion of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention

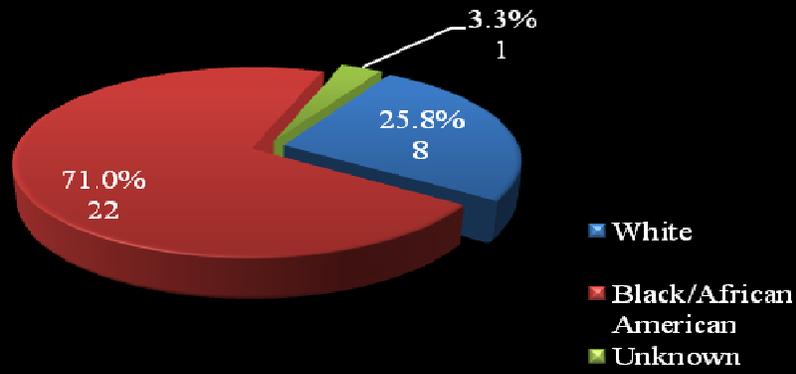
Case	Narrative / Summary of Incident
1	The officer was driving home in his marked agency vehicle after finishing his midnight shift when he fell asleep, leaving the roadway striking a tree. The officer was pronounced deceased. The Medical Examiner's Office ruled the cause of death as (blunt force injuries) and the manner of death as (accidental).

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

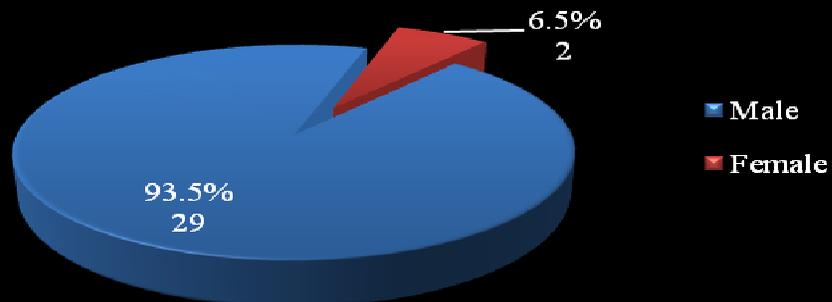
Between January 1, 2014 and December 31, 2014, there were a total of 31 qualifying cases of citizen deaths involving a law enforcement officer in Maryland. There were 30 incidents, with one incident resulting in two deaths. March and August were the months with the most cases per month, followed by January, May, and June, with each month accounted for 4 deaths (2014 Chart 1). 2014 Chart 2 shows a breakdown of the qualifying deaths by manner of death. Of the qualifying deaths, 58% were homicides. Black or African American made up 71% of the deaths in regard to race (2014 Chart 3), and 94% of the subjects were male (2014 Chart 4).



2014 Chart 3: Citizen Deaths by Race



2014 Chart 4: Citizen Deaths By Sex



There were a total of 13 Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies who reported qualifying deaths in 2014 (2014 Table 5). One incident involved two agencies. There were 19 deaths that involved only one responding officer (2014 Table 6). Of the 51 officers involved, 46 were male (2014 Table 7). In regard to officer race, 35 of the 51 officers were white (2014 Table 8). The average age of the officers involved was 34 years old.

2014 Table 5: Deaths by Agency of Officer Involved	
Agency of Officer	Frequency
Anne Arundel County Police Department	1
Baltimore City Police Department	5
Baltimore County Police Department	3
Glenarden Police Department	1
Harford County Sheriff's Office	2
Howard County Police Department	2
Maryland State Police	6
Maryland State Police / Prince George's County Police Department *	2
Maryland Transit Administration	2
Montgomery County Police Department	2
Prince George's County Police Department	2
Prince George's County Sheriff's Office	1
Queen Anne's County Sheriff's Office	1
Salisbury Police Department	1
Total Number of Deaths	31

*Both jurisdictions were present for the same incident

2014 Table 6: Deaths by Number of Officers Involved	
Number of Officers Involved in Incident	Frequency
1	19
2	6
3	3
4	1
7	1
Total Number of Incidents	30

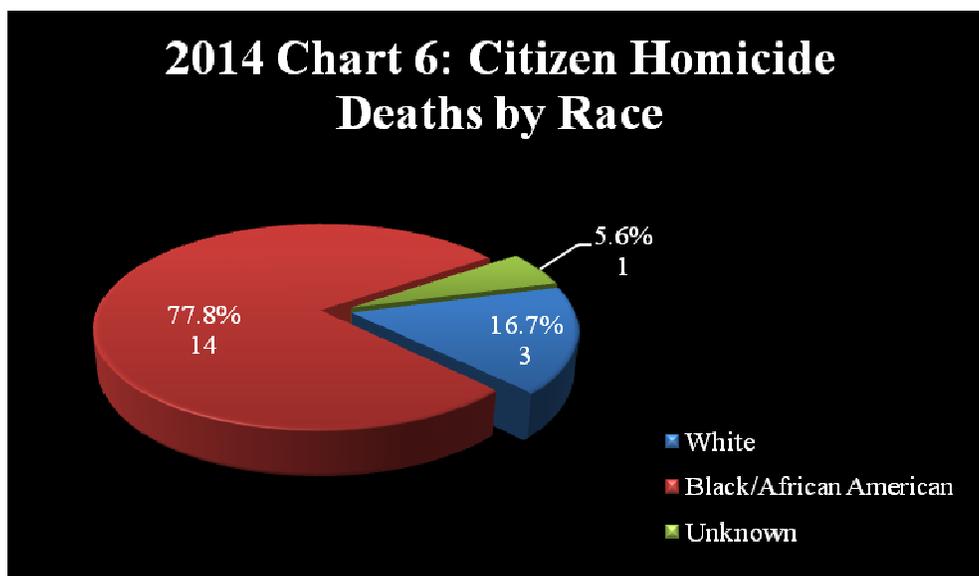
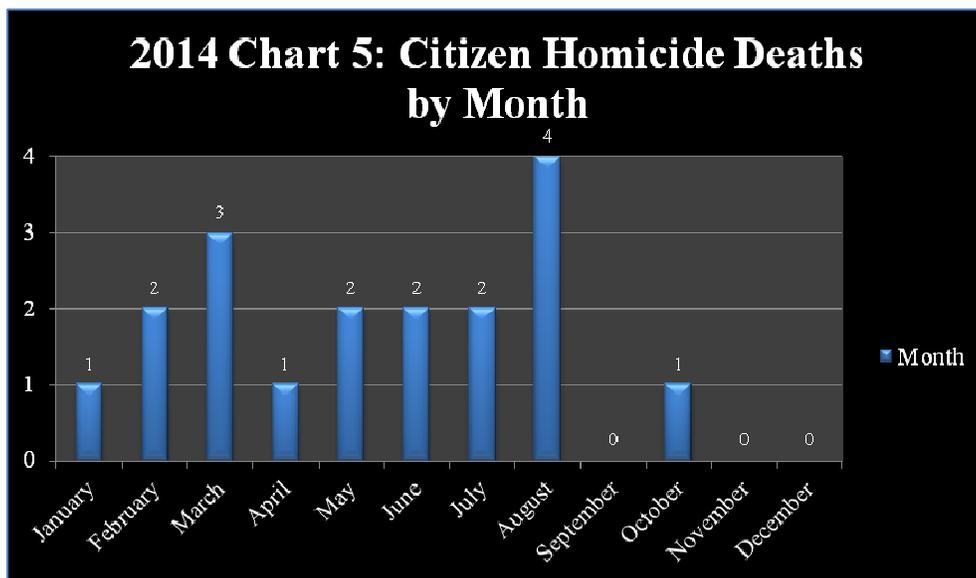
2014 Table 7: Sex of Officers Involved	
Sex of Officer	Frequency
Male	46
Female	5
Total Number of Officers	51

2014 Table 8: Race of Officers Involved	
Race of Officer	Frequency
White	35
Black/African American	14
Hispanic	1
Unknown	1
Total Number of Officers	51

As noted in the “Methodology” section, HB 954 defines a citizen death involving a law enforcement officer as “the death of an individual resulting directly from an act or omission of a law enforcement officer, while the officer is on duty or while the officer is off duty, but performing activities that are within the scope of the officer’s official duties ...while the individual is detained, arrested, or was in the process of being arrested”. This definition requires the inclusion of qualifying incidents of suicide, bystanders, and accidental deaths. In order to conduct a further meaningful analysis, cases will be separated in accordance with the “Manner of Death,” as determined by the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner. *2014 Chart 2* shows the frequency of each manner of death.

Homicide

Of the 31 qualifying deaths involving a law enforcement officer in 2014, 18 cases were determined to be homicides. August was the month accounting for the most incidents of officer-involved homicide (*2014 Chart 5*). Black or African American made up 78% of the subjects in regard to race (*2014 Chart 6*), and 89% of the subjects were male (*2014 Table 9*).



2014 Table 9: Citizens Homicide Deaths by Sex	
Sex of Citizen	Frequency
Male	16
Female	2
Total Number of Citizen Homicide Deaths	18

There were a total of 10 Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies whose qualifying incidents were categorized as homicides by the OCME (2014 Table 10). One incident involved two jurisdictions (2014 Table 1, Case 25 & 26), and there were eight incidents that involved only one officer (2014 Table 11). A total of 28 officers were involved in these incidents. Four officers were female, and the remaining 86% of the officers were male (Table 12). Sixteen officers were White, eight were Black/African American and four were Hispanic (2014 Table 13). The average age of the officers involved was 41 years old.

2014 Table 10: Agency of Officers Involved in Homicides	
Agency of Officer	Frequency
Baltimore City Police Department	2
Baltimore County Police Department	2
Harford County Sheriff	1
Howard County Police Department	2
Maryland State Police	2
Maryland State Police / Prince George's County Police Department*	2
Maryland Transit Administration Police	1
Montgomery County Police Department	2
Prince George's County Police Department	2
Prince George's County Sheriff	1
Salisbury Police Department	1
Total Number of Citizen Homicide Deaths	18

*Both agencies involved in the same incident

2014 Table 11: Number of Officers Involved per Homicide Incident	
Number of Officers Involved	Frequency
1	8
2	5
3	2
4	1
7	2
Total Number of Citizen Homicide Deaths	18

2014 Table 12: Sex of Officers Involved in Homicides	
Sex of Officer	Frequency
Male	24
Female	4
Total Number of Officers Involved in Citizen Homicide Deaths	28

2014 Table 13: Race of Officers Involved in Homicides	
Race of Officer	Frequency
White	16
Black/African American	8
Hispanic	4
Total Number of Officers Involved in Citizen Homicide Deaths	28

Suicide

Of the 31 qualifying cases, two cases were determined to be suicides. Both incidents took place in January, and involved male subjects. Both subjects were black/African American. The Baltimore City Police Department reported the two qualifying suicides (2014 Table 1, Cases 1 & 2).

Accident

Of the 31 qualifying cases, eight cases were determined by the Medical Examiner to be the result of an accident. Four of those incidents involved subjects attempting to flee from police in motor vehicles. One of those incidents involved an officer striking another vehicle with his patrol car as he was responding to a call for service (2014 Table 1, Case 31).

Undetermined

Of the 31 qualifying cases, there were two incidents where the Medical Examiner categorized the manner of death as undetermined. In one of those cases, the Medical Examiner could not determine if the subject died as a result of his self inflicted gunshot wound, or injuries sustained after police returned fire after hearing that single gunshot (2014 Table 1, Case 5).

Pending

Of the 31 qualifying cases, there were no incidents where the Medical Examiner reported the manner of death as pending.

Natural

Of the 31 qualifying cases, there was one incident where the Medical Examiner reported the manner of death as natural (2014 Table 1, Case 16).

2015 DATA FINDINGS

Officer-Involved Citizen Deaths

Between January 1, 2015 and December 31, 2015, there were a total of 36 qualifying cases of citizen deaths involving a law enforcement officer in Maryland. There were 35 incidents, with one incident resulting in two deaths. These statistics are based on information reported by Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center at the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention. *2015 Table 1* shows the raw data provided by law enforcement in accordance with HB 954. In several situations, there were multiple citizens, jurisdictions, and officers involved in a single incident. The opening section of this report defines each variable presented in *2015 Table 1*. A brief narrative of the incident, based on the accounts provided via law enforcement's reporting of the incident to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center, is presented in *2015 Table 2*.

2015 Table 1: Raw Data for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

The following information was supplied by Law Enforcement Agencies and does not reflect the understanding or opinion of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention

Case	Date Time	Location	Citizen Information				Agency	Officer Information				Manner of Death
			Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race		Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	
1	1/24/15 9:50 PM	1925 McHenry Street Baltimore, MD 21223	M	26	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	28	NH	B	H
2	1/28/15 4:12 AM	27 Webster Street Westminster, MD 21157	M	42	NH	W	Westminster Police Department	M	28	NH	W	S
								M	38	NH	W	
								M	44	NH	W	
								M	56	NH	W	
3	1/31/15 2:55 AM	9856 Liberty Road Randallstown, MD 21133	M	56	NH	B	Baltimore County Police Department	M	33	NH	W	H
								M	29	NH	W	
4	2/9/15 12:30 PM	8913 Brookville Road Silver Spring, MD 20910	M	56	NH	W	Montgomery County Sheriff's Office	M	39	NH	B	S
								M	33	NH	W	
5	2/14/15 4:03 PM	1900 Argonne Drive Baltimore, MD 21218	M	30	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	36	NH	W	N
								M	60	NH	W	
								M	47	NH	W	
								M	42	NH	B	
6	2/14/15 11:25 PM	Rt.702 @ Hyde Park Dr. Essex, MD 21221	M	16	NH	W	Baltimore County Police Department	M	29	NH	W	S
								F	24	NH	W	
								M	28	NH	W	
								M	34	NH	B	
								M	22	NH	B	
M	31	NH	W									
7	3/3/15 1:50 AM	709 Dennis Street Salisbury, MD 21801	M	25	NH	B	Wicomico County Sheriff's Office	M	35	NH	W	H
8	3/11/15 12:33 PM	825 Augustine Herman Hwy Elkton, MD 21921	M	37	NH	B	Cecil County Sheriff's Office	M	31	NH	W	H

2015 Table 1 (continued): Raw Data for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

Case	Date Time	Location	Citizen Information				Agency	Officer Information				Manner of Death
			Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race		Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	
9	3/19/15 1:28 PM	120-B N. Mont Valla Avenue Hagerstown, MD 21740	M	26	NH	W	Hagerstown Police Department	M	37	U	W	S
								F	37	U	W	
10	4/3/15 4:00 PM	60 North Parke Street Aberdeen, MD 21001	M	59	NH	W	Aberdeen Police Department	M	39	NH	W	A
11	4/15/15 8:10 PM	19210 Woodhaven Drive Hagerstown, MD 21742	M	54	NH	W	Washington County Sheriff's Office	M	26	NH	W	S
								M	35	NH	W	
12	4/16/15 1:49 AM	Acton Lane & Timberbooke Drive Waldorf, MD 20601	M	26	NH	B	Maryland State Police	M	29	NH	W	A
13	4/17/15 12:09 AM	402 N Prospect Street Hagerstown, MD 21740	M	31	NH	B	Hagerstown Police Department	M	26	U	W	U
								M	43	U	W	
								M	30	U	W	
								M	23	U	W	
								M	33	U	W	
14	4/19/15 5:59 AM	1700 Block Presbury Street Baltimore, MD 21217	M	25	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	47	NH	B	H
								M	27	NH	W	
								M	31	NH	W	
								M	27	NH	B	
								M	43	NH	W	
								F	32	NH	B	
15	5/10/15 10:18 PM	950 Nalley Road Landover, MD 20785	M	34	NH	B	Prince George's County Sheriff's Office	M	28	NH	B	H
								M	32	NH	B	
16	5/12/15 11:14 PM	1300 Block Castle Boulevard Burtonsville, MD 20904	M	40	NH	B	Montgomery County Police Department	M	29	NH	W	U
17	6/25/15 6:30 AM	3042 Hunting Ridge Drive, Owings Mills MD 21117	M	41	NH	B	Baltimore County Police Department	M	34	NH	W	H
								F	30	NH	B	
								F	31	NH	W	
18	7/27/15 3:26 PM	9848 Charles Street La Plata, MD 20646	M	52	NH	W	Charles County Sheriff's Office	M	45	NH	B	S
19	8/15/15 7:40 AM	5400 Block Marlboro Pike, District Heights MD 20747	M	30	NH	B	Prince George's County Police Department	M	23	NH	B	H
20	8/19/15 8:10 PM	3410 East Joppa Road, Parkville MD 21234	M	30	NH	W	Baltimore County Police Department	M	32	U	W	S
21	8/21/15 9:09 PM	North East Plaza Shopping Center, 75 North East Plaza, North East MD 21901	M	30	NH	W	Maryland State Police	M	28	NH	W	H

2015 Table 1 (continued): Raw Data for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

Case	Date Time	Location	Citizen Information				Agency	Officer Information				Manner of Death
			Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race		Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	
22	9/23/15 6:20 PM	Reisterstown Village Shopping Center, 47 Main Street, Reisterstown MD 21136	M	19	NH	B	Baltimore County Police Department	M	32	NH	W	H
23	10/9/15 10:52 AM	6440 Cardinal Lane, Columbia MD 21044	M	19	H	W	Howard County Police Department	M	34	NH	W	H
24	10/26/15 9:07 AM	1300 East Patrick Street, Frederick MD 21701	M	45	NH	B	Maryland State Police	M	29	NH	W	H
25	11/1/15 10:22 PM	Moravia Road & Sinclair Lane, Baltimore MD 21206	M	1	NH	B	Baltimore County Police (Pursuit from Baltimore County to City)	M	25	NH	W	H
26	11/2/15 8:27 PM	2841 Gainesville Street SE, Washington DC 20020	M	62	NH	B	Prince George's County Police Department	M	30	NH	W	H
								M	30	NH	W	
							Forest Heights Police Department	M	26	NH	B	
								M	32	NH	B	
27	11/11/15 8:24 PM	3700 Block Oakmont Avenue, Baltimore MD 21215	M	32	NH	B	Baltimore City Police Department	M	28	NH	W	H
28	11/19/15 12:11 AM	10902 Westwood Drive, Cheltenham MD 20623	M	41	NH	B	Prince George's County Police Department	M	26	NH	B	U
								M	27	NH	B	
								M	34	NH	W	
								M	51	NH	W	
								M	35	H	H	
29	11/24/15 11:58 PM	6800 Block Riverdale Road, Riverdale MD 20737	M	37	NH	B	Prince George's County Police Department	M	28	NH	B	U
								M	30	NH	B	
								M	24	NH	W	
								M	25	NH	W	
								M	30	NH	W	
30	11/29/15 6:50 AM*	1000 Block St. Charles Parkway, White Plains MD 20695	M	32	NH	B	Charles County Sheriff's Office	M	42	NH	W	U
31	12/3/15 8:21 PM	7201 Dustin Drive, Sharpsburg MD 21782	M	41	NH	W	Washington County Sheriff's Office	M	29	NH	W	S
32**	12/11/15 2:00 PM	I-95, White Marsh MD 21128	M	35	NH	W	Maryland Transportation Authority Police	M	28	NH	W	A
M								30	NH	W		
33**			F	52	NH	W		M	40	NH	W	A
								M	36	NH	W	

2015 Table 1 (continued) : Raw Data for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

Case	Date Time	Location	Citizen Information				Agency	Officer Information				Manner of Death
			Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race		Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	
34	12/14/15 10:23 AM	4034 Bay Drive, Middle River MD 21220	M	52	NH	W	Baltimore County Police Department	M	37	NH	W	H
								M	28	NH	W	
								M	34	NH	W	
35	12/19/15 1:45 AM	111 Homewood Road, Linthicum Heights MD 21090	M	32	NH	W	Baltimore City Police Department ***	M	42	NH	W	H
36	12/22/15 1:48AM****	Union Station – 50 Massachusetts Avenue NE, Washington DC 20002	M	25	NH	B	Baltimore County Police Department *****	M	42	NH	W	H

* original incident 03/1/15

**same incident

***off-duty Baltimore City Police Officer in Anne Arundel County

****original incident 11/14/15

*****off-duty Baltimore County Police Officer in the District of Columbia

2015 Table 2: Narrative / Summaries for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

The following information was supplied by Law Enforcement Agencies and does not reflect the understanding or opinion of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention

Case	Narrative / Summary of Incident
1	The officer responded to a call for a bipolar subject armed with a knife threatening family members. The subject had a knife in hand and charged at the officer. The officer fired, killing the subject.
2	Officers were summoned to a local Emergency Room for a domestic violence case. The subject's spouse had been physically assaulted by the subject. Officers went to the subject's residence with the intent to arrest him for domestic assault. The subject refused to answer the door. Upon entry into the residence with the spouse's assistance and permission, police announced their presence. A single gunshot was heard. The subject was located in the bedroom suffering from a gunshot wound to the head, and a handgun was recovered from the subject's hand.
3	Police were called to a convenience store for a subject who was acting strange and carrying a large knife. Officers repeatedly told the subject to drop the knife and he refused to do so. A taser was deployed and it had no effect. The subject moved toward the officers while still yielding the knife, and officers fired their service weapons striking the subject. The subject died from the injuries.
4	Officer responded for a barricaded suspect. Upon arrival, information was relayed that the subject had gotten into an altercation with another employee. At some point during the altercation, the subject pulled out a shotgun and fired into the air, then barricaded himself behind piles of mulch. Once units arrived on scene, callout was initiated, at which time the subject shot and killed himself.
5	Officers engaged in a foot pursuit with the subject. The subject was transported to the station, where he suffered an asthma attack and died in police custody.
6	Officers pursued a subject in a vehicle, and during the pursuit the operator drove erratically. The pursuit ended when the subject struck a curb and a civilian vehicle. As officers moved in to make an arrest, they heard gunshots coming from the vehicle. Officers fired toward the subject who was firing shots. One officer was struck in his bullet resistant vest, and the investigation revealed the subject died of self-inflicted gun shot wound.
7	An officer was on patrol in the area where a reported shooting was threatened to take place. He observed two male subjects walking in the center of the roadway. He approached the subjects, believing that one may be a wanted subject that he was familiar with. As he approached them, one subject began to flee on foot and the officer gave chase. The officer caught the subject and a physical fight ensued. During the fight, the subject was able to get on top of the officer and hold him down. As the subject began to reach for his pants pocket, the officer removed his gun from his holster and told the subject to stop or he would shoot. The officer's gun is equipped with a light, and after illuminating the subject the officer saw he was holding a revolver. The deputy fired his weapon until the subject fell to the ground. The subject stopped moving, and the officer kicked the revolver away from him.
8	An officer attempted to stop a known wanted felon and the subject fled. During the incident the subject turned his vehicle and drove at the officer, who was on foot. The officer fired at the subject, ultimately killing him. Upon a search of the vehicle, felony amounts of heroin and a large amount US currency was recovered.

2015 Table 2 (continued): Narrative / Summaries for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

Case	Narrative / Summary of Incident
9	Officers responded to a call for a domestic assault that took place. Officers made contact with the subject inside the home. The subject complied, at first, with officers, but suddenly went back into a bedroom and shut the door. Officers commenced a negotiation for the subject to come out, but, fearing for their safety, backed away from the bedroom door when they heard one gunshot. Both made forcible entry into the bedroom after a few minutes of attempting to make contact with the subject. Once inside officers found the subject with a self inflicted gunshot wound to the face. The subject was pronounced dead on the scene.
10	The subject was being processed in a booking room area after being arrested for public intoxication and failure to obey a lawful order. The subject fell backwards while walking to the cell area, at which time he received injuries to the back of his head. The subject was transported to the hospital where he succumbed to his injuries the following day.
11	Two officers responded to a call for a mentally unstable subject in the backyard with a gun. Units contacted the subject and observed he was pointing a handgun at his temple. Officers told the subject to drop the gun numerous times, and he replied "go away". He then shot himself.
12	The subject fled from a traffic stop and lost control of the vehicle, resulting in a crash. The subject died from his injuries.
13	Officers were dispatched for a burglary in progress. Once on scene, the male subject was displaying signs that he was under the influence. Before approaching him, officers called for an EMS unit to respond. The subject was "flexing his arms and growling as he stared at the officers" who were about 30 feet away from him at that time. The officers attempted to give verbal commands, but the subject remained in this aggressive state. The subject refused verbal commands, and continued his aggressive demeanor. At this time, an officer deployed his taser striking the subject in the back. The subject fell to the ground where 2 officers attempted to cuff him. The subject struggled and kicked, and remained combative even after he was tased a second time. At some point while in transport the subject went into cardiac arrest and the EMS crew began life saving measures. Once at the hospital life saving measures continued until he was pronounced dead.
14	Officers arrested the subject and placed him in the transport vehicle. The subject was not seat belted, he fell, which broke his neck, and eventually led to his death.
15	The subject was suspected in threatening a female with a knife. The two officers attempted to stop the vehicle driven by the subject. The subject drove his vehicle into the officers' vehicle, causing a collision. In fear of thief safety, the officers fired their weapons at the subject.
16	Officers were approached by citizens advising of a naked male walking in the roadway a short distance from their location, possibly under the influence of PCP. Officers responded and observed a citizen and the subject. The citizen advised officers that the subject struck her in the face. The subject failed to comply with officers' verbal commands, would not remove his hands from his pockets, and grunted at the officers. The subject assumed a fighting stance as officers approached to place him in custody. Fearing for their safety, an officer deployed his TASER once, and the subject was taken into custody and transported to a local hospital. While restrained at the hospital, the subject assaulted and injured an officer. The subject was admitted to the hospital where his condition suddenly deteriorated. Two days later and he died.
17	Police were dispatched to the report of a domestic incident in progress. Officers arrived on scene, and could hear a struggle taking place behind the locked door of a private residence. Police physically forced entry into the residence and encountered a subject "in a defensive position, who made movements that lead officers to believe he had a weapon". Three officers fired their service weapons, striking the subject multiple times. The subject later died at a medical facility.
18	On 07/27/15, the Charles County Sheriff's Office responded to a report of a missing person / welfare check. Upon arrival, officers made contact with an individual who had not heard from the subject for several days following their recent breakup. A deputy began searching the wooded area at the rear of the subject's residence when he heard a single gunshot. The Deputy located the subject in the woods suffering from a gunshot wound to the chest. A 12-gauge shotgun was located next to the subject, who was pronounced deceased at the scene.
19	The subject was involved in a traffic accident and fled upon the arrival of officers. An officer pursued and caught up with the subject on foot. During a struggle, the subject attempted to disarm the officer. A shot was fired, striking the subject once. The subject died from his injuries.
20	After a traffic stop for speeding, the subject entered a driveway and parked. The officer made the initial contact, obtaining the license and registration. Once the officer walked away, the subject drew a semi automatic pistol and shot himself in the head.
21	A trooper attempted an arrest of a subject. The subject was able to flee to a vehicle and drive away, dragging the trooper with the vehicle. The trooper fired rounds, striking the subject, who died from his injuries.
22	Police responded to a call for an individual trying to fraudulently obtain a prescription from a pharmacy. When the officer arrived, he located the subject, and a foot pursuit ensued. As the officer approached, the subject aggressively advanced toward the officer, reaching around to the small of his back and whipping his hand around, pointing it toward the officer as if it was a weapon. The officer fired multiple shots, striking the subject.
23	Howard County Police received a call for an unknown trouble. The caller stated that a subject was there to kill him. The caller also stated that the subject knocked on the door and he let him in and was now sitting in the living room with him and had a knife. Upon arrival, officers located a male standing in front of the front door to the residence. The subject was armed with a knife and began to advance on the four police officers present. Officers repeatedly told the subject to drop the knife; however, the subject continued to advance on officers and was shot by one officer. The subject was subsequently pronounced dead at the scene. It was determined that the subject made the call, and there was no indication that anyone, other than the subject, was at the residence at the time of the call.
24	A subject fled from police in a stolen vehicle and rammed a responding police vehicle, incapacitating the officer. A trooper on foot confronted the suspect, who exited the vehicle and ignored commands to show his hands. The suspect pulled his hands out quickly and lunged toward the trooper, who fired rounds, striking the subject, who died from his injuries.
25	A suspect (vehicle #1) struck an unoccupied police car that was parked near the scene of a fatal accident. Vehicle #1 did not stop, and fled as Baltimore County Police pursued vehicle #1 into Baltimore City, where vehicle #1 struck a bystander vehicle (vehicle #2), pushing it onto a curb where it hit the subject, a 1 year old boy in his stroller. The boy died that night at the hospital.
26	Officers responded to a report of a carjacking in progress. Officers located the vehicle, and after a vehicle pursuit, the subject bailed out of the vehicle and produced a handgun. Officers discharged their duty handguns striking the subject.

2015 Table 2 (continued): Narrative / Summaries for Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer

Case	Narrative / Summary of Incident
27	While investigating a drug complaint, officers approached the subject, who pulled a weapon and fired on the officers, striking one officer in the leg. Officers returned fire, killing the subject.
28	Officers responded to a residence after a call from family members for the subject possibly being on PCP. The subject would not respond to verbal commands and a struggle ensued. The subject required medical attention, and was pronounced deceased upon arrival at the hospital.
29	Officers responded to a report of a subject walking nude on a roadway. Officers located the subject, who was compliant. Officers handcuffed the subject, and the subject was transported to a local hospital by ambulance with breathing problems. The subject later died at the hospital.
30	On 3/1/15, officers from the Charles County Sheriff's Office responded to assist EMS personnel with a combative patient. Prior to arrival, officers learned a loaded weapon was recovered by EMS personnel. Upon arrival, officers gave verbal commands for the combative subject to get on the ground and put his hands behind his back, which he refused. Officers used a taser on the subject and handcuffed him. At this point the suspect stopped breathing and resuscitation efforts were performed. The subject was subsequently transported to an area trauma center for continued medical treatment. As a result of medical complications during his hospital treatment, the subject died on 11/29/15.
31	Police responded to a report of a possible suicide in progress. When police arrived, the homeowner let officers into the residence. Officers made contact with the subject, who put a shotgun to his own head, and committed suicide.
32 & 33	Officers were pursuing the subject (vehicle #1) on Interstate 95, when the subject (vehicle #1) crashed into a bystander vehicle (vehicle #2), causing the death of a passenger in vehicle #1, and a passenger in vehicle #2.
34	Police responded to a call that an individual had taken a lot of pills. Police arrived at the scene, and attempted to talk to the subject about going to the hospital. The subject refused, became combative, and advanced toward officers with several knives. The subject was shot by three officers.
35	The officer involved was off-duty getting out of his car at home. The subject approached the officer, displayed a gun, and announced a robbery. The officer drew his weapon, fired and killed the subject. The incident took place in Anne Arundel County, but the police officer involved was employed by Baltimore City Police.
36	An off-duty officer observed a woman who had been slashed with a knife just outside the entrance to the Metro station at Union Station in the District of Columbia. The subject, who still had the knife, went toward the officer. As the man approached the officer, the officer ordered him to drop the knife, but he did not, and the officer shot him.

Officer Deaths in the Line of Duty

Between January 1, 2015 and December 31, 2015, there were three qualifying cases of a law enforcement officer's death in the line of duty in Maryland. These statistics are based on information reported by Maryland's Law Enforcement Agencies to the Maryland Statistical Analysis Center at the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention. Tables 2015 Table 3 and 2015 Table 4 shows the details of this incident, and were provided by law enforcement in accordance with HB 954.

2015 Table 3: Law Enforcement Officer Deaths

The following information was supplied by Law Enforcement Agencies and does not reflect the understanding or opinion of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention

Case	Date Time	Location	Sex	Age	Ethnic Origin	Race	Agency	Manner of Death
1	01/09/15*	2200 Kirk Avenue, Baltimore, MD 21218	M	27	NH	B	Baltimore City Police	A
2	03/07/15	Greenbelt & Good Luck Road Lanham, MD 20706	M	26	NH	B	Prince George's County Police	A
3	12/10/15**	355 Rockville Pike Rockville, MD 20851	M	24	NH	W	Montgomery County Police	A

*original incident occurred on 11/23/14

**original incident occurred on 12/3/15

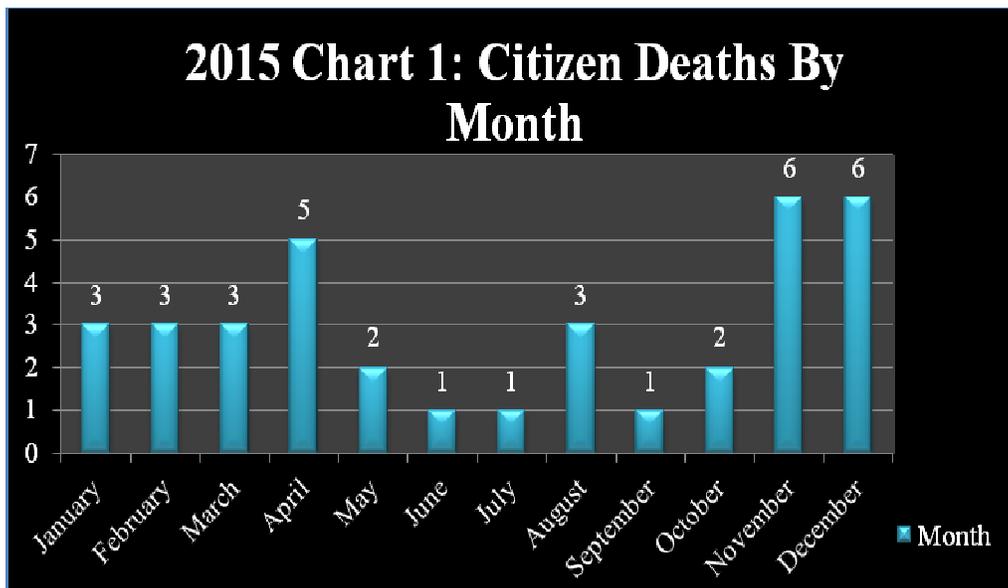
2015 Table 4: Narrative of Law Enforcement Officer Deaths

The following information was supplied by Law Enforcement Agencies and does not reflect the understanding or opinion of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention

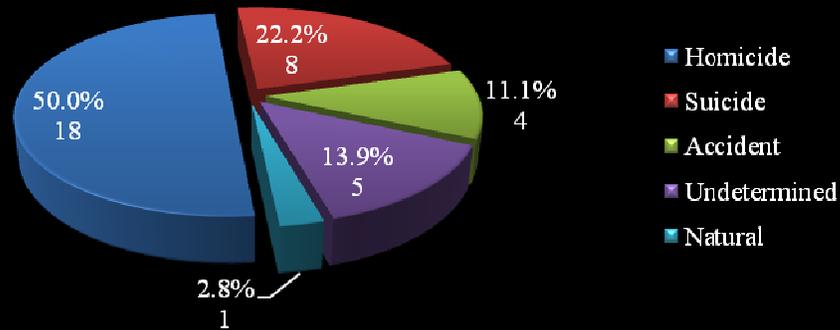
Case	Narrative / Summary of Incident
1	The officer and two other officers were injured in a vehicle crash while attempting to make a traffic stop of a moped on November 23, 2014. The driver of the moped refused to stop and made a sharp right turn in front of the cruiser. The cruiser struck the moped, then a utility pole. The officer, who was a passenger in the rear of the cruiser, sustained fractures to his right humerus and left tibia. While undergoing surgery to repair the fractures, the officer had an adverse reaction to the anesthesia administered, requiring several additional surgical procedures. The officer died due to complications of his surgeries on January 9, 2015.
2	The officer died in a single-vehicle crash while operating his take home department vehicle with the emergency lights activated. The officer was off-duty and transporting his girlfriend home in his take home department vehicle when he activated his emergency lights in order to conduct a traffic stop. The vehicle he was attempting to stop, began to flee. The officer failed to negotiate a right turn, leaving the roadway and crashing into two wooden security fences. The officer was killed instantly.
3	The officer succumbed to injuries sustained on December 3, 2015, when he was struck by a drunk driver. He was conducting a traffic stop on Rockville Pike at approximately 9:45 pm while working a special assignment on the agency's Holiday Alcohol Task Force. He had contacted the driver and was getting back into his patrol car when a second vehicle struck his patrol car and then struck him. The officer was transported to Suburban Hospital where he remained on life support until passing away on December 10, 2015. He had served with the Montgomery County Police Department for almost three years.

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

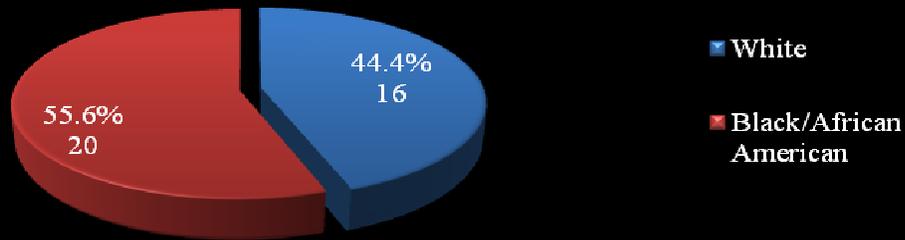
Between January 1, 2015 and December 31, 2015, there were a total of 36 qualifying cases of citizen deaths involving a law enforcement officer in Maryland. There were 35 incidents, with one incident resulting two deaths. The highest number of incidents took place in November and December, with each month accounted for six deaths (2015 Chart 1). 2015 Chart 2 shows a breakdown of the qualifying deaths by manner of death. Of the qualifying deaths, 50% were homicides. Black or African American made up 57% of the deaths in regard to race (2015 Chart 3), and 97% of the subjects were male (2015 Chart 4).



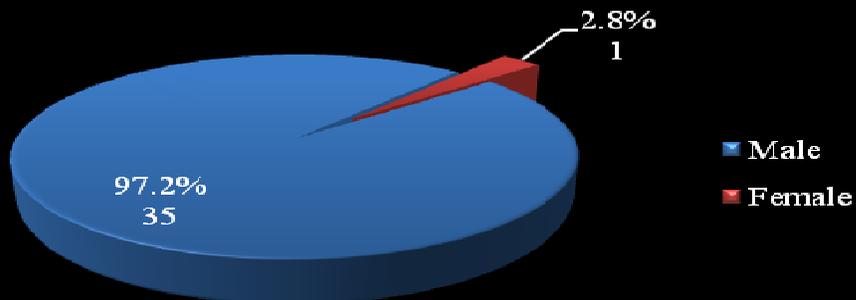
2015 Chart 2: Citizen Deaths by Manner of Death



2015 Chart 3: Citizen Deaths by Race



2015 Chart 4: Citizen Deaths By Sex



There were a total of 17 Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies who reported qualifying deaths during this reporting period (2015 Table 5). There were 19 deaths that involved only 1 responding officer (2015 Table 6). Of the officers involved in incidents, 75 were male and five were female (2015 Table 7), and 59 of the 80 officers were white (2015 Table 8). The average age of the officers involved was 33 years old.

2015 Table 5: Deaths by Agency of Officer Involved	
Agency of Officer	Frequency
Aberdeen Police Department	1
Baltimore City Police Department	5
Baltimore County Police Department	8
Cecil County Sheriff's Office	1
Charles County Sheriff's Office	2
Hagerstown Police Department	2
Howard County Police Department	1
Maryland State Police	3
Maryland Transportation Authority	2
Montgomery County Police Department	1
Montgomery County Sheriff's Office	1
Prince George's County Police Department / Forest Heights Police Department *	1
Prince George's County Police Department	3
Prince George's County Sheriff's Office	1
Washington County Sheriff's Office	2
Westminster Police Department	1
Wicomico County Sheriff's Office	1
Total Number of Deaths	36

2015 Table 6: Deaths by Number of Officers Involved	
Number of Officers Involved in Incident	Frequency
1	19
2	5
3	2
4	4
5	3
6	3
Total Number of Deaths	36

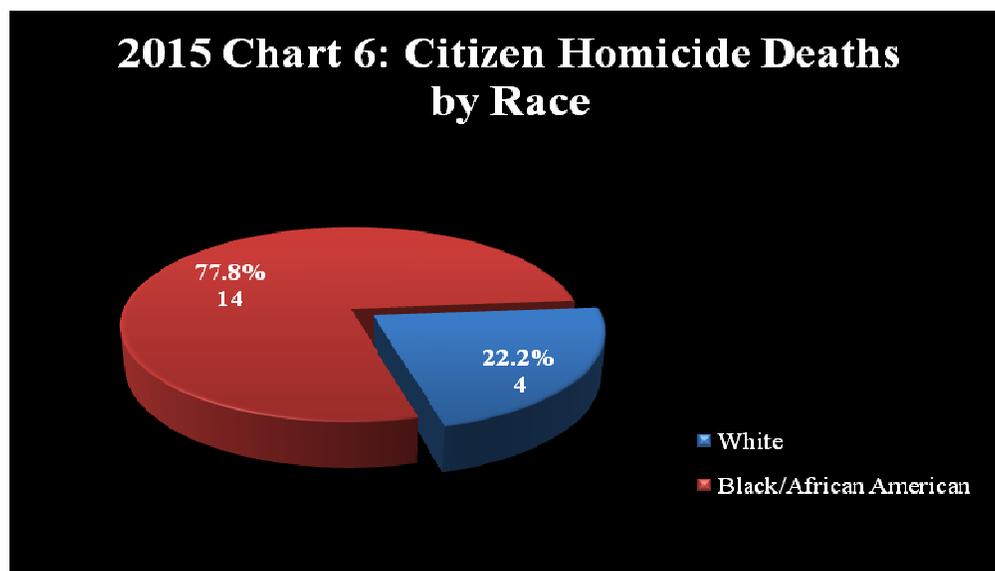
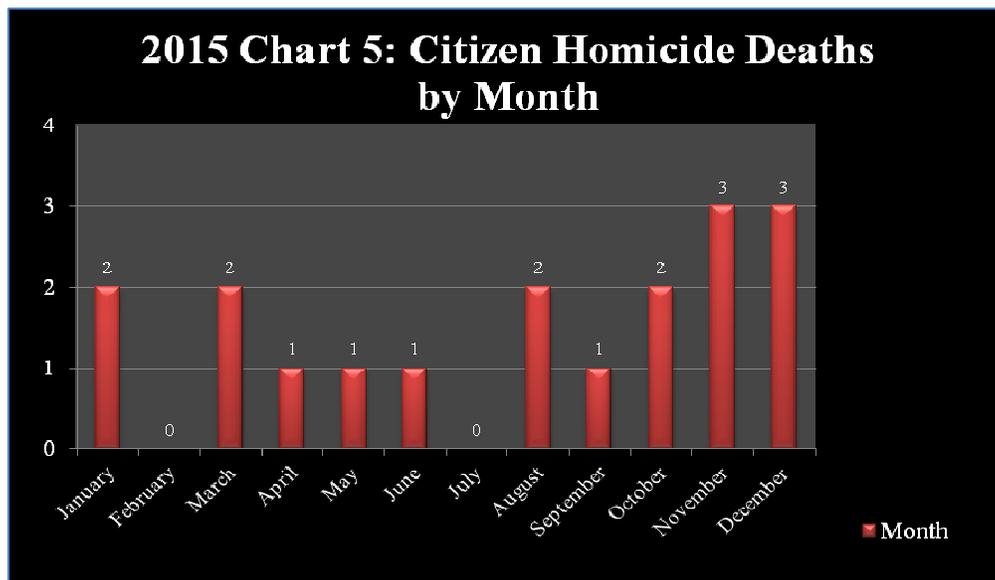
2015 Table 7: Sex of Officers Involved	
Sex of Officer	Frequency
Male	75
Female	5
Total	80

2015 Table 8: Race of Officers Involved	
Race of Officer	Frequency
White	59
Black or African American	19
Hispanic	2
Total	80

As noted in the “Methodology” section, HB 954 defines a citizen death involving a law enforcement officer as “the death of an individual resulting directly from an act or omission of a law enforcement officer, while the officer is on duty or while the officer is off duty, but performing activities that are within the scope of the officer’s official duties ...while the individual is detained, arrested, or was in the process of being arrested”. This definition requires the inclusion of qualifying incidents of suicide, bystanders, and accidental deaths. In order to conduct a further meaningful analysis, cases will be separated in accordance with the “Manner of Death,” as determined by the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner. *2015 Chart 2* shows the frequency of each manner of death.

Homicide

Of the 36 qualifying deaths involving a law enforcement officer cases, 18 cases were determined to be homicides. The highest number of incidents resulting in an officer-involved homicide took place in November and December, with each month accounted for 3 incidents (*2015 Chart 5*). Black or African American made up 82% of the subjects in regard to race (*2015 Chart 6*), and 100% of the subjects were male (*2015 Table 9*).



2015 Table 9: Citizens Homicide Deaths by Sex	
Sex of Citizen	Frequency
Male	18
Female	0
Total Number of Citizen Homicide Deaths	18

There were a total of nine Maryland Law Enforcement Agencies whose qualifying incidents were categorized as homicides by the Medical Examiner (2015 Table 10). One incident involved two jurisdictions, and two incidents involved off-duty officers acting in the capacity of a law enforcement officer while in other jurisdictions (Table 1, Cases 35 & 36). There were 12 incidents that involved only one officer (2015 Table 11). A total of 32 officers were involved in these incidents. Twenty nine of the officers were male, and three female (2015 Table 12), and 22 of the 32 officers were white (2015 Table 13). The average age of the officers involved was 32 years old.

2015 Table 10: Agency of Officers Involved in Homicides	
Agency of Officer	Frequency
Baltimore City Police Department	4
Baltimore County Police Department	6
Cecil County Sheriff's Office	1
Howard County Police Department	1
Maryland State Police	2
Prince George's County Sheriff's Office	1
Prince George's County Police Department	1
Prince George's County Police / Forest Heights Police	1
Wicomico County Sheriff's Office	1
Total Number of Citizen Homicide Deaths	18

2015 Table 11: Number of Officers Involved per Homicide Incident	
Number of Officers Involved	Frequency
1	12
2	2
3	2
4	1
6	1
Total Number of Citizen Homicide Deaths	18

2015 Table 12: Sex of Officers Involved in Homicides	
Sex of Officer	Frequency
Male	29
Female	3
Total Number of Officers Involved in Citizen Homicide Deaths	32

2015 Table 13: Race of Officers Involved in Homicides	
Race of Officer	Frequency
White	22
Black/African American	10
Total Number of Officers Involved in Citizen Homicide Deaths	32

Suicide

Of the 36 qualifying cases, seven cases were determined to be suicides. All seven of the subjects were male (2015 Table 14), and 100% were white (2015 Table 15). The Baltimore County Police and Washington County Sheriff's Office each reported two of the seven qualifying suicides (2015 Table 16).

2015 Table 14: Citizens Suicide Deaths by Sex	
Sex of Citizen	Frequency
Male	7
Female	0
Total Number of Officers Involved in Citizen Homicide Deaths	7

2015 Table 15: Citizens Suicide Deaths by Race	
Race of Citizen	Frequency
White	7
Black/African American	0
Total Number of Officers Involved in Citizen Homicide Deaths	7

2015 Table 16: Agency of Officers Involved in Suicides	
Agency of Officer	Frequency
Baltimore County Police Department	2
Charles County Sheriff's Office	1
Montgomery County Sheriff's Office	1
Washington County Sheriff's Office	2
Westminster Police Department	1
Total Number of Officers Involved in Citizen Homicide Deaths	7

Accident

Of the 36 qualifying deaths, there were three incidents, involving four deaths resulting from an accident (2015 Table 1, Cases 10, 12, 32 & 33). One incident resulted in the accidental deaths of two citizens.

Undetermined

Of the 36 qualifying deaths, there were five incidents where the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner categorized the manner of death as undetermined (2015 Table 1, Cases 13, 16, 28-30). In 4 of the 5 incidents, law enforcement reported that narcotics were involved, or the individual appeared to be under the influence of narcotics at the time of the incident.

Pending

Of the 36 qualifying deaths, there were no incidents where the Medical Examiner reported the manner of death as pending.

Natural

Of the 36 qualifying cases, there was one incident where the Medical Examiner reported the manner of death as natural (2015 Table 1, Case 5).

THREE YEAR SUMMARY (2013-2015)

For the three year period beginning January 1, 2013 and ending December 31, 2015, there were a total of 104 qualifying cases of citizen deaths involving a law enforcement officer in Maryland, and five qualifying cases of law enforcement officer deaths in the line of duty in Maryland. *2013-2015 Table 1* provides a three year comparison of the raw data provided by law enforcement in accordance with HB 954. *2013-2015 Table 2* provides a three year comparison of the agencies involved in all 104 cases.

2013-2015 Table 2 - Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer Statistics by Year			
Year	2013	2014	2015
Total Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer	37	31	36
Manner of Death			
Homicides	19	18	18
Suicides	3	2	8
Accidents	11	8	4
Natural Causes	1	2	1
Undetermined	3	1	5
Citizen Death Demographics			
% Black	70%	71%	56%
% White	24%	27%	44%
% Male	89%	94%	97%
Number of Officers Involved	66	51	80
Officers Involved Demographics			
% Black	17%	27%	24%
% White	77%	69%	74%
% Male	97%	90%	94%
Total Officer Deaths	1	1	3

2013-2015 Table 2 - Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer by Agency			
Agency	2013	2014	2015
Aberdeen Police Department	0	0	1
Annapolis Police Department	1	0	0
Anne Arundel County Police Department	0	1	0
Baltimore County Police Department	4	3	8
Baltimore City Police Department	10	5	5
Bladensburg Police Department	1	0	0
Carroll County Sheriff's Office	1	0	0
Cecil County Sheriff's Office	0	0	1
Charles County Sheriff's Office	0	0	2
Forest Heights Police Department	0	0	1
Frederick County Sheriff's Office	2	0	0
Glenarden Police Department	0	1	0
Hagerstown Police Department	1	0	2
Harford County Sheriff's Office	2	2	0
Howard County Police Department	1	2	1
Maryland State Police	6	8	3
Maryland Transit Administration Police	0	2	0
Maryland Transportation Authority	1	0	2
Montgomery County Police Department	2	2	1
Montgomery County Sheriff's Office	1	0	1
Prince George's County Police Department	1	4	4
Prince George's County Sheriff's Office	0	1	1
Princess Anne Police Department	1	0	0
Queen Anne's County Sheriff's Office	0	1	0
Salisbury Police Department	1	1	0
Washington County Sheriff's Office	1	0	2
Westminster Police Department	0	0	1
Wicomico County Sheriff's Office	0	0	1

SUMMARY

Between January 1, 2013 and December 31, 2015, there were a total of 104 qualifying cases of citizen deaths involving a law enforcement officer in Maryland. During that same time frame, law enforcement reported 5 qualifying cases of law enforcement officer deaths in the line of duty in Maryland.

The next report, the “Third Report to the State of Maryland under HB 954” will be released on June 30, 2017, and will include all qualifying citizen deaths involving a law enforcement officer, and officer deaths in the line of duty for the calendar year 2016.

ATTACHMENT A

Chapter 134

(House Bill 954)

AN ACT concerning

Public Safety – Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer – Reports

FOR the purpose of requiring local law enforcement agencies to provide the ~~Department of State Police~~ Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention with certain information on officer-involved deaths and deaths in the line of duty; requiring the ~~Department~~ Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention to report annually certain information on officer-involved deaths and deaths in the line of duty to the General Assembly; requiring the ~~Department~~ Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention to adopt certain procedures for reporting certain deaths; requiring the ~~Department~~ Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention to report certain information on officer-involved deaths and deaths in the line of duty to the General Assembly by a certain date; defining certain terms; and generally relating to the reporting of officer-involved deaths and deaths in the line of duty.

BY adding to

Article – Public Safety

Section ~~2-315.3-507~~

Annotated Code of

Maryland

(2011 Replacement Volume and 2014 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article – Public Safety

~~2-315.3-507.~~

(A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS INDICATED.

(2) “DEATH IN THE LINE OF DUTY” MEANS THE DEATH OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OCCURRING WHILE THE OFFICER IS ACTING IN THE OFFICER’S OFFICIAL CAPACITY WHILE ON DUTY OR WHILE THE OFFICER IS OFF DUTY, BUT PERFORMING ACTIVITIES THAT ARE WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE OFFICER’S OFFICIAL DUTIES.

(3) “LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY” HAS THE MEANING STATED IN

§ 2-101 OF THIS TITLE.

(4) (I) "LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 3-101 OF THIS ARTICLE.

(II) "LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER" INCLUDES A PRIVATE SECURITY OFFICER PERFORMING DUTIES AS PART OF A CONTRACT WITH A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.

(5) "OFFICER-INVOLVED DEATH" MEANS THE DEATH OF AN INDIVIDUAL RESULTING DIRECTLY FROM AN ACT OR OMISSION OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER WHILE THE OFFICER IS ON DUTY OR WHILE THE OFFICER IS OFF DUTY, BUT PERFORMING ACTIVITIES THAT ARE WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE OFFICER'S OFFICIAL DUTIES.

(B) EVERY YEAR, ~~BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2016~~ ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1, 2016, AND MARCH 1 OF EACH SUBSEQUENT YEAR, EACH LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL PROVIDE THE ~~DEPARTMENT~~ GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION WITH INFORMATION, FOR THE PREVIOUS CALENDAR YEAR, ABOUT EACH OFFICER-INVOLVED DEATH AND DEATH IN THE LINE OF DUTY THAT ~~INVOLVES INVOLVED~~ A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER EMPLOYED BY THE AGENCY, TO INCLUDE AT A MINIMUM:

(1) THE AGE, GENDER, ETHNICITY, ~~GENDER IDENTITY~~, ~~SEXUAL ORIENTATION~~, ~~ETHNICITY~~, ~~RACE~~, ~~AND LANGUAGE PREFERENCE~~ AND RACE OF A DECEASED INDIVIDUAL WHO IS NOT A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER;

(2) THE AGE, GENDER, ETHNICITY, ~~GENDER IDENTITY~~, ~~SEXUAL ORIENTATION~~, ~~ETHNICITY~~, ~~RACE~~, ~~AND LANGUAGE PREFERENCE~~ AND RACE OF THE OFFICER INVOLVED;

(3) ~~THE MANNER OF THE OFFICER OR DECEASED INDIVIDUAL'S DEATH~~ A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING THE DEATH; ~~AND~~

(4) THE DATE, TIME, AND LOCATION OF THE DEATH; AND

(5) ~~THE DISPOSITION OF ANY INVESTIGATION, INQUIRY, OR DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDING RESULTING FROM THE DEATH~~ THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OF THE OFFICER WHO:

(I) DIED, IF THE INCIDENT INVOLVED AN OFFICER WHO DIED IN THE LINE OF DUTY; OR

(II) DETAINED, ARRESTED, OR WAS IN THE PROCESS OF ARRESTING THE DECEASED, IF THE INCIDENT INVOLVED AN OFFICER-INVOLVED DEATH.

(C) THE DEPARTMENT-GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION SHALL ADOPT PROCEDURES FOR THE COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS OF THE INFORMATION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION.

(D) THE DEPARTMENT-GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION SHALL ANALYZE AND DISSEMINATE THE INFORMATION PROVIDED UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION.

(E) THE DEPARTMENT-GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION SHALL MAKE AN ANNUAL REPORT ON THE INCIDENCE OF OFFICER-INVOLVED DEATHS AND DEATHS IN THE LINE OF DUTY IN THE STATE TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 2-1246 OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT ARTICLE, ON OR BEFORE JUNE 30 OF EACH YEAR.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That:

(a) On or before October 15, 2016, the ~~Department of State Police~~ Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention shall report to the General Assembly, in accordance with § 2-1246 of the State Government Article, on the number of officer-involved deaths and deaths in the line of duty that occurred during the previous ~~10-3~~ calendar years.

(b) The report shall include information as required by § ~~2-315(b)-3-507(b)~~ of the Public Safety Article as enacted by this Act.

(c) ~~Each~~ On or before August 15, 2016, each local law enforcement agency shall provide the ~~Department of State Police-Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention~~ with the information described in § ~~2-315(b)-3-507(b)~~ of the Public Safety Article as enacted by this Act for the previous 10-3 calendar year period.

SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect ~~October~~ July 1, 2015.

Approved by the Governor, May 12, 2015.

ATTACHMENT B

CJ-11MD Form

Deaths Involving a Law Enforcement Officer Reporting Form

Reporting Agency:

Type of Death

- Citizen Death Officer Death

Deceased Information

(please fill out a separate form for multiple subjects - 1 form per subject)

Name: _____ Date of Death: _____
Age: _____ Gender: _____
Ethnicity: _____ Race: _____

If Citizen Death, Provide Officer Involved Information

(please use the additional information area for more than 1 officer)

Age: _____ Gender: _____
Ethnicity: _____ Race: _____

Type of Incident (Preliminary)

- Homicide Suicide Accidental Injury to Self
 Medical Condition / Illness Natural Causes Overdose / Intoxication
 Other: _____

Details

Description of Incident:

Reporting Official / Agency Information

Reporting Official _____ Date of Reporting _____

Department/Title _____ Method of Reporting _____

Contact Information _____